

Genetic Gain in Winter Oilseed Rape in Europe during last three decades

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v



Agenda

- WOSR Production in Europe: Acreage, Yields (dt/ha)
- Longterm Trend Analysis of Yield in different Countries
- Hybrids vs. OP Varieties
- Quality Traits (Oil, Protein, Glucosinolates)
- Disease Resistances (Phoma, Light Leaf Spot, Clubroot, TuYV)
- Winterhardiness
- Nitrogen Use Efficiency
- Final Conclusion

Winter OSR EUROPE

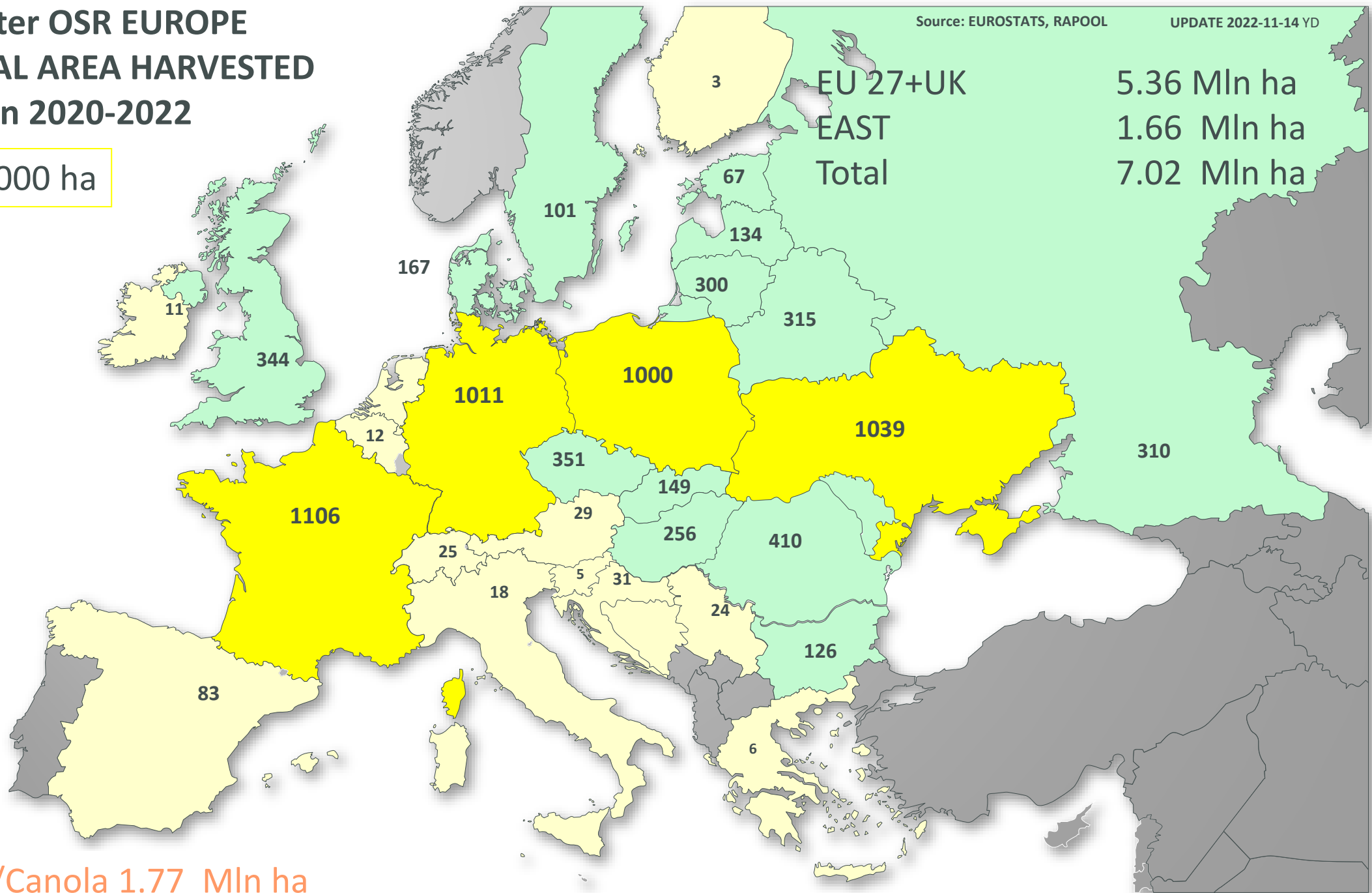
TOTAL AREA HARVESTED

mean 2020-2022

Source: EUROSTATS, RAPOOL

UPDATE 2022-11-14 YD

in .000 ha

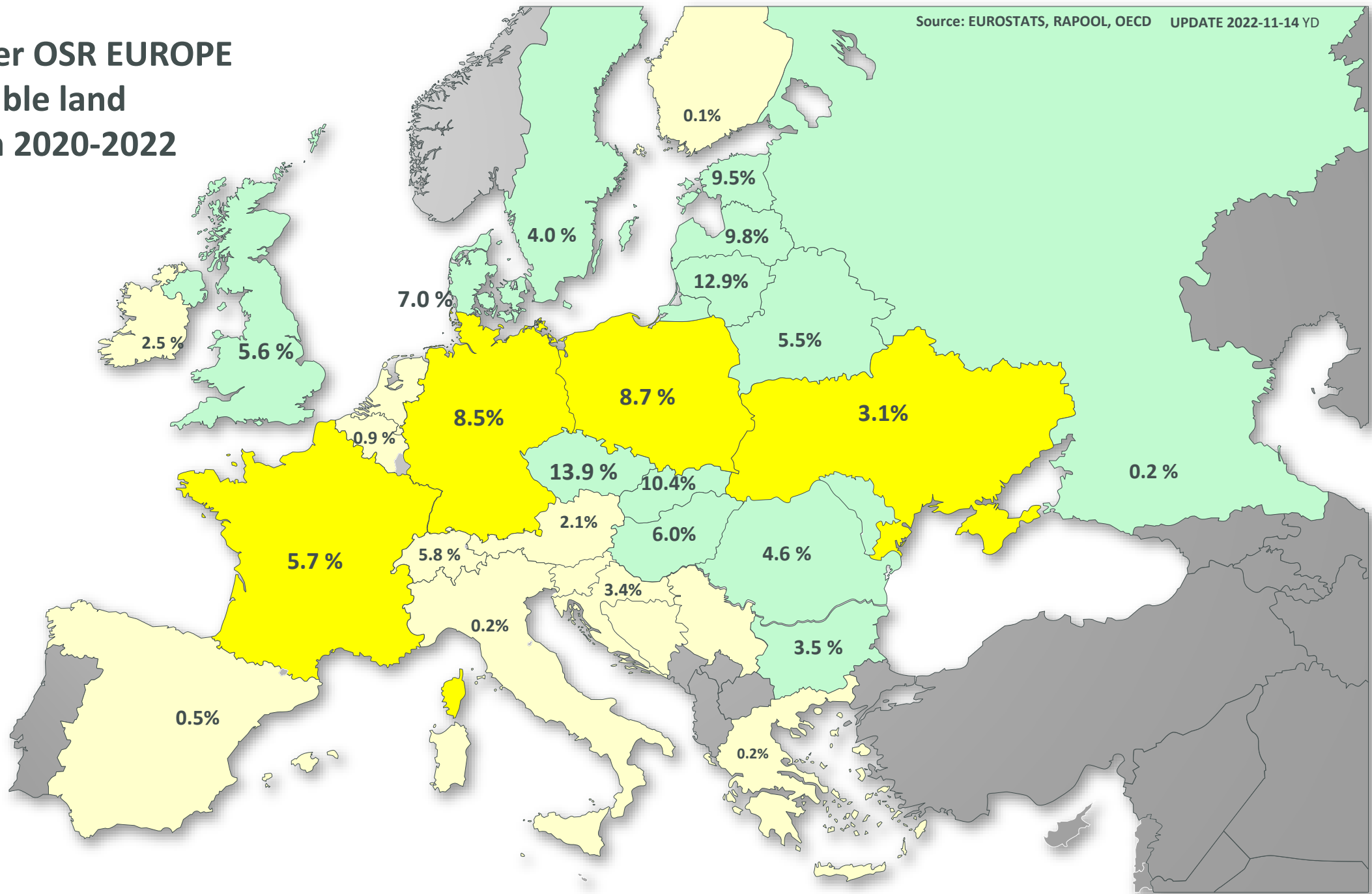


+ SOSR/Canola 1.77 Mln ha

Winter OSR EUROPE

% arable land
mean 2020-2022

Source: EUROSTATS, RAPOOL, OECD UPDATE 2022-11-14 YD



Winter OSR EUROPE

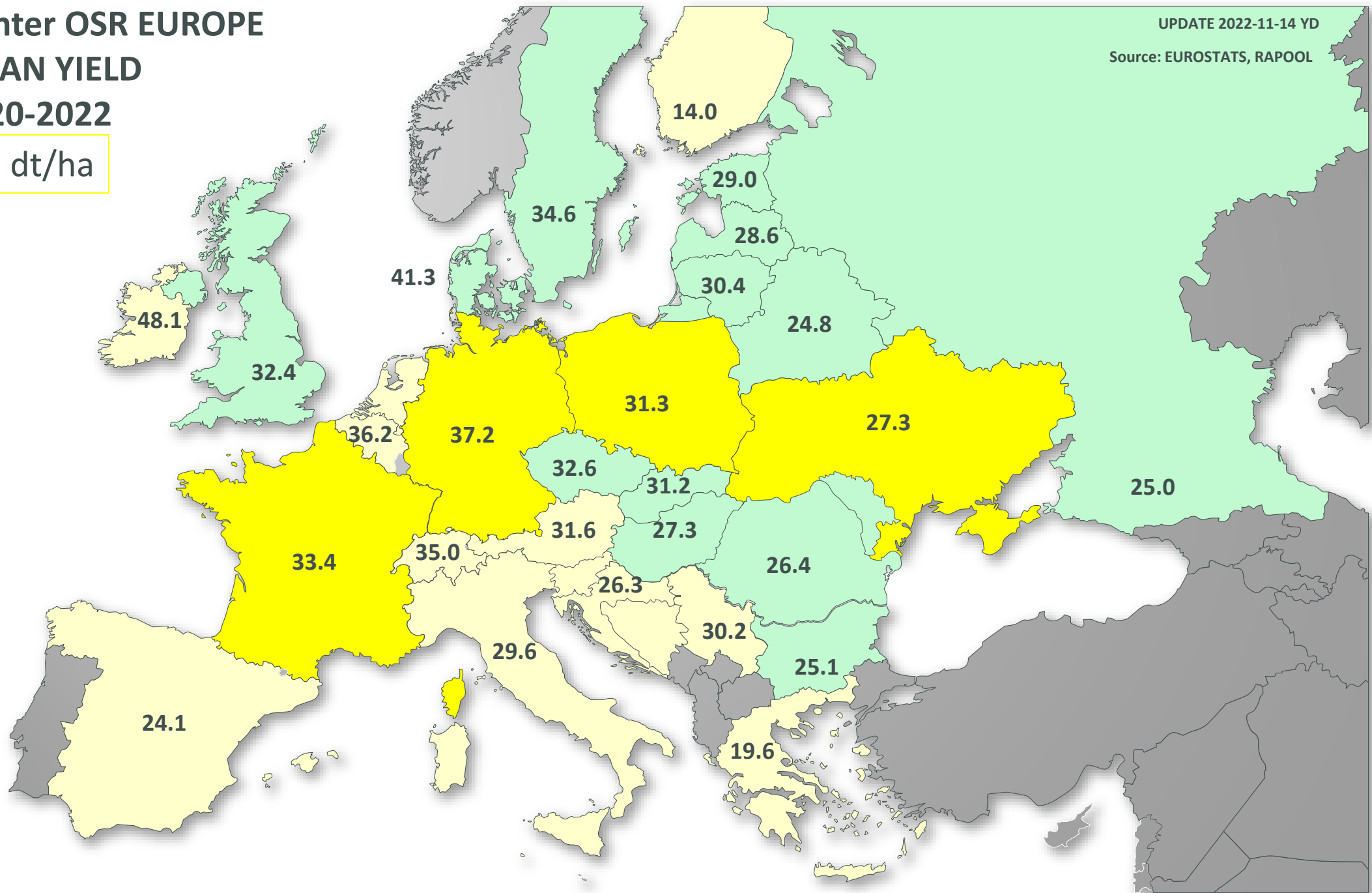
MEAN YIELD

2020-2022

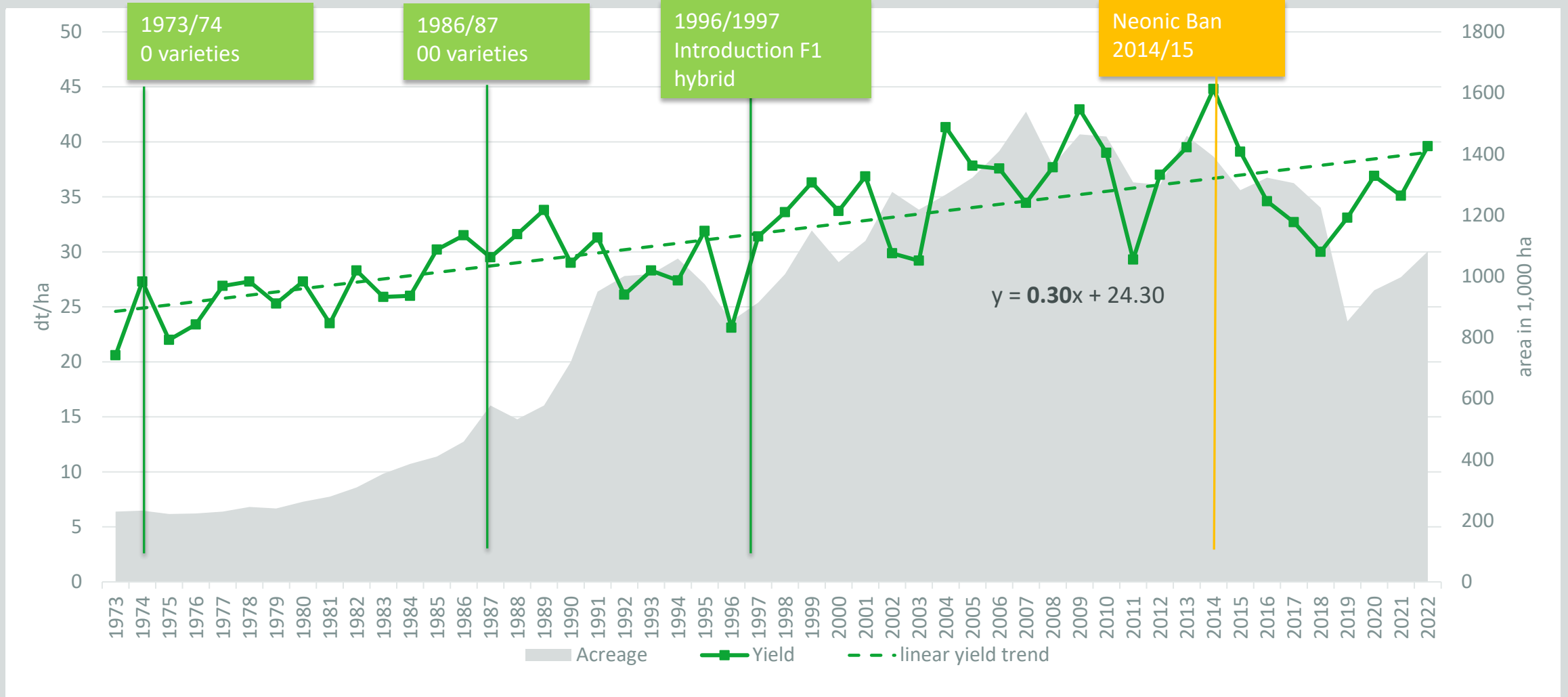
in dt/ha

UPDATE 2022-11-14 YD

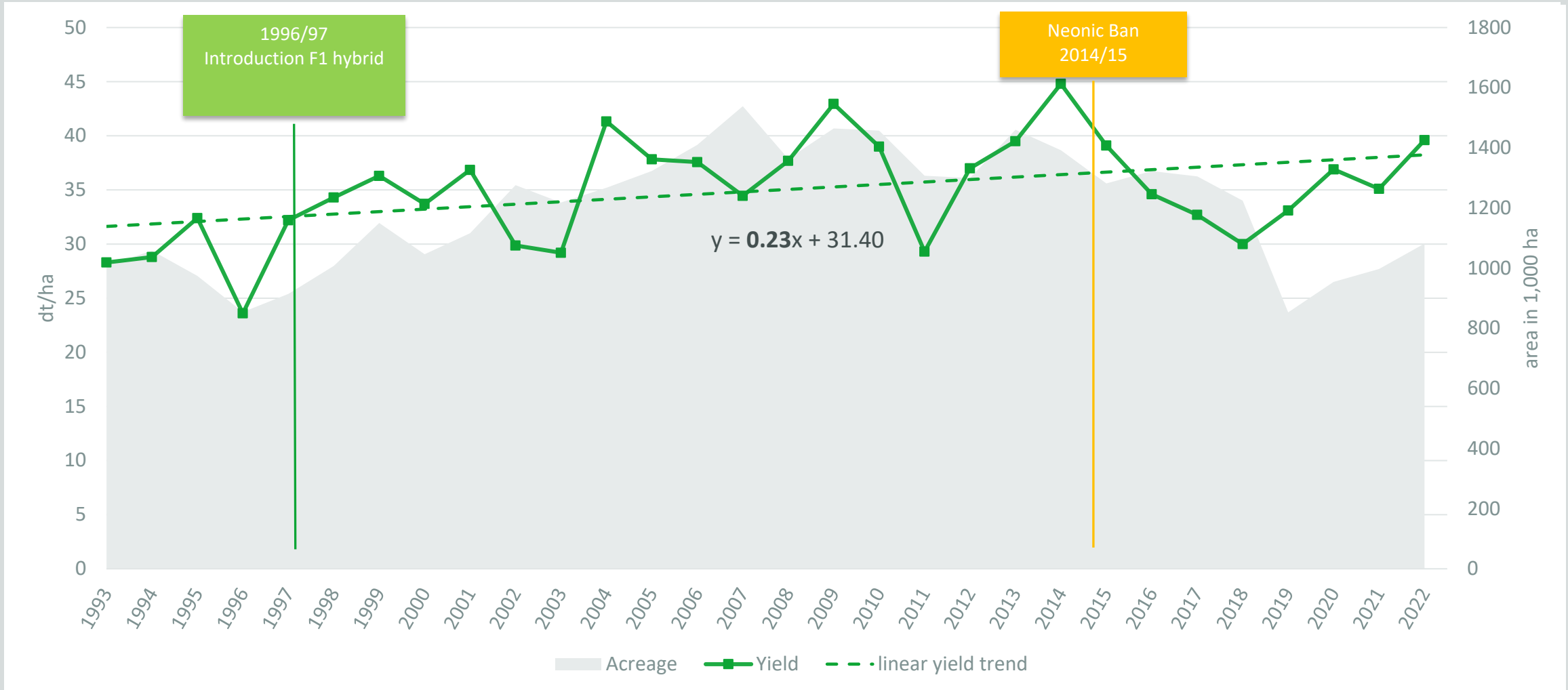
Source: EUROSTATS, RAPOOL



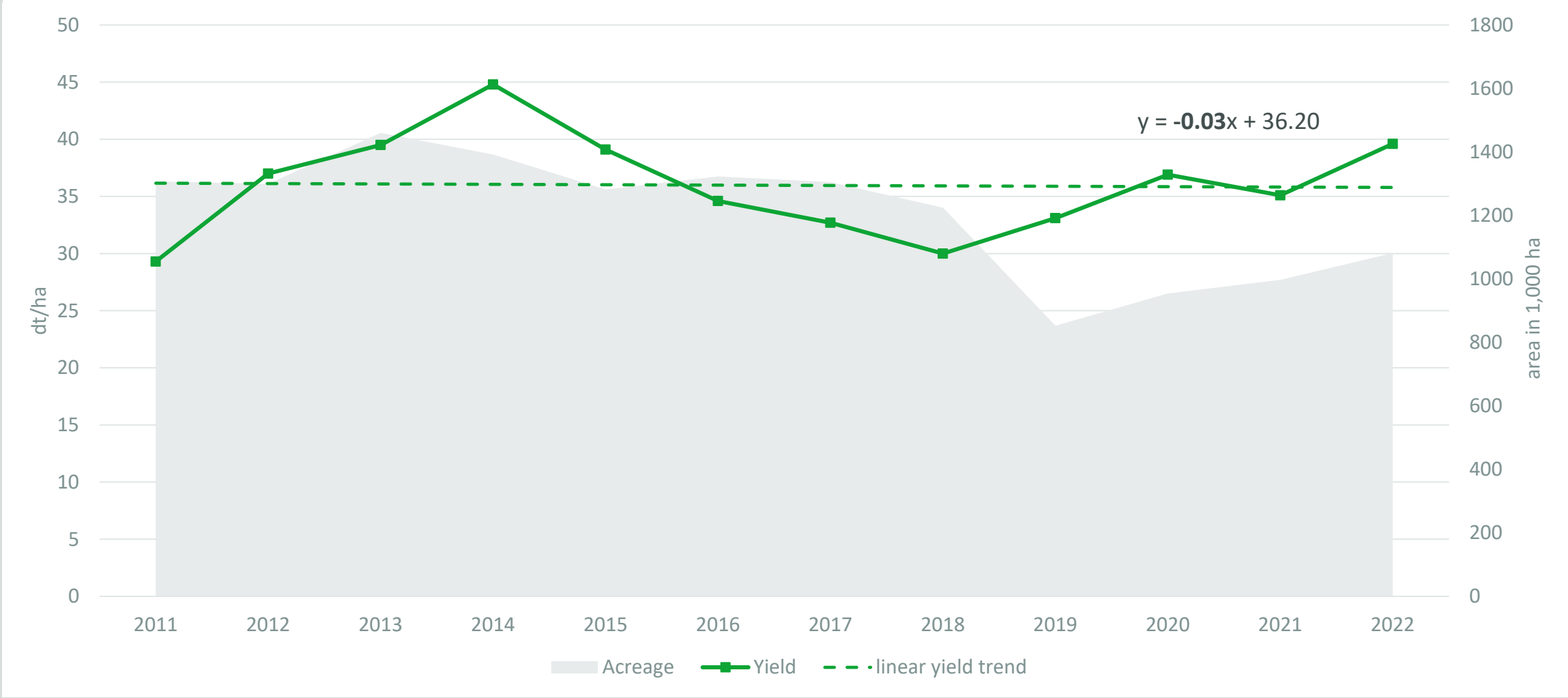
50 Years WOSR Development in Germany



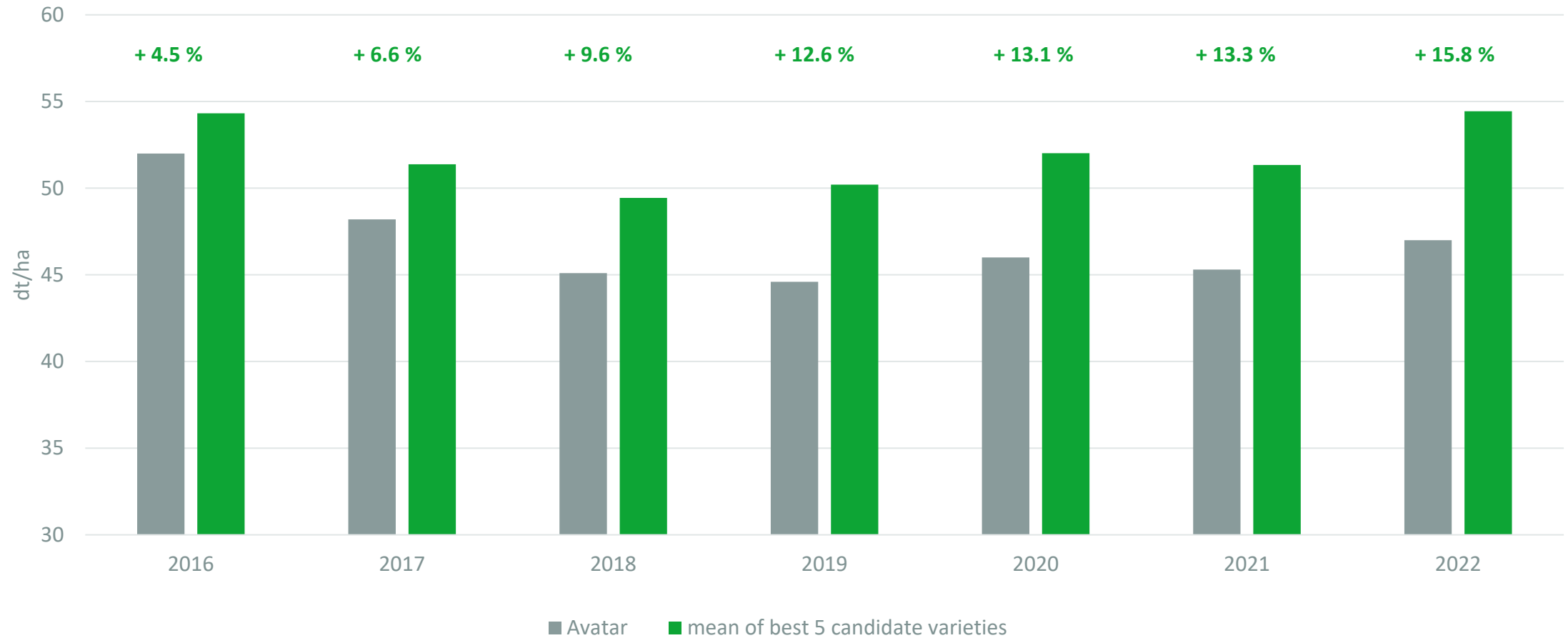
30 Years WOSR in Germany: 1993-2022



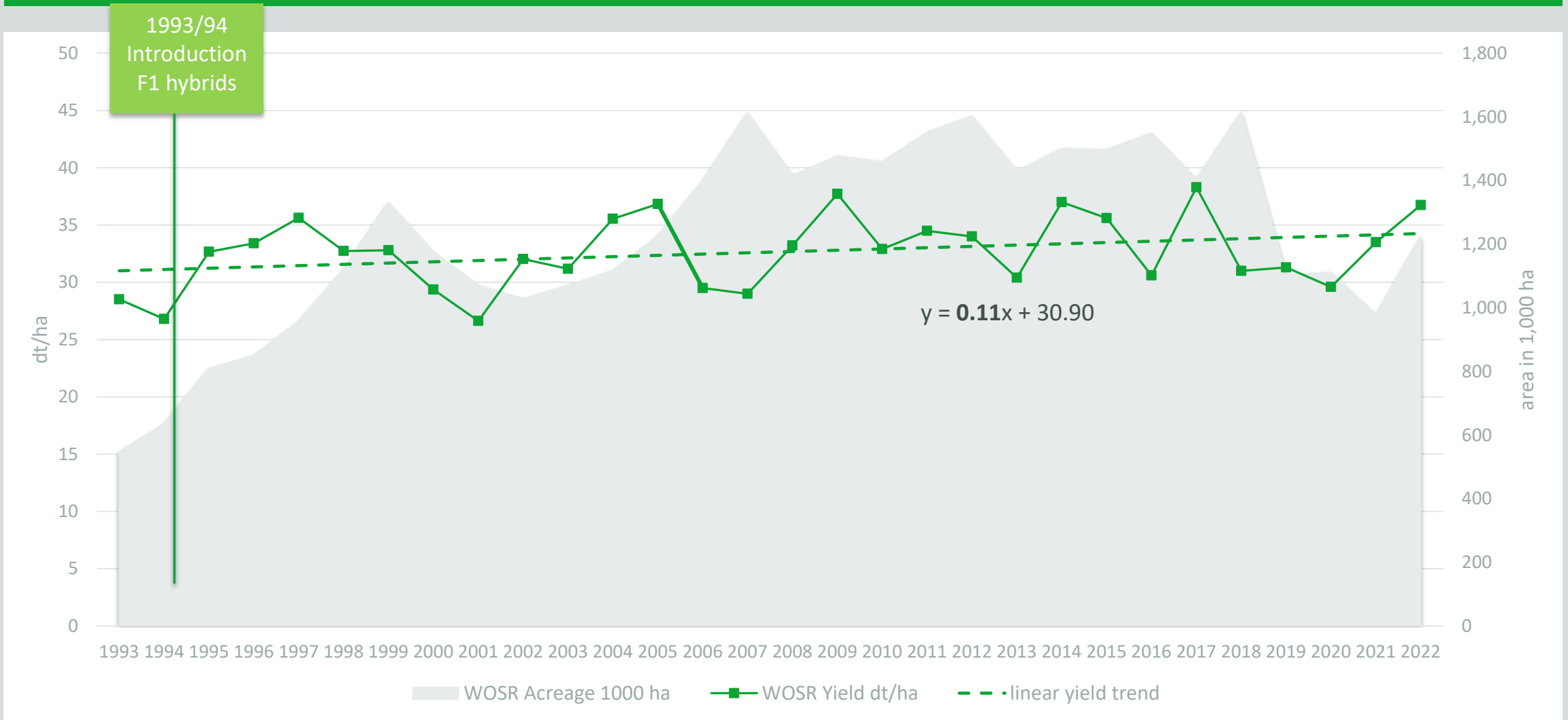
12 Years WOSR in Germany: 2011-2022



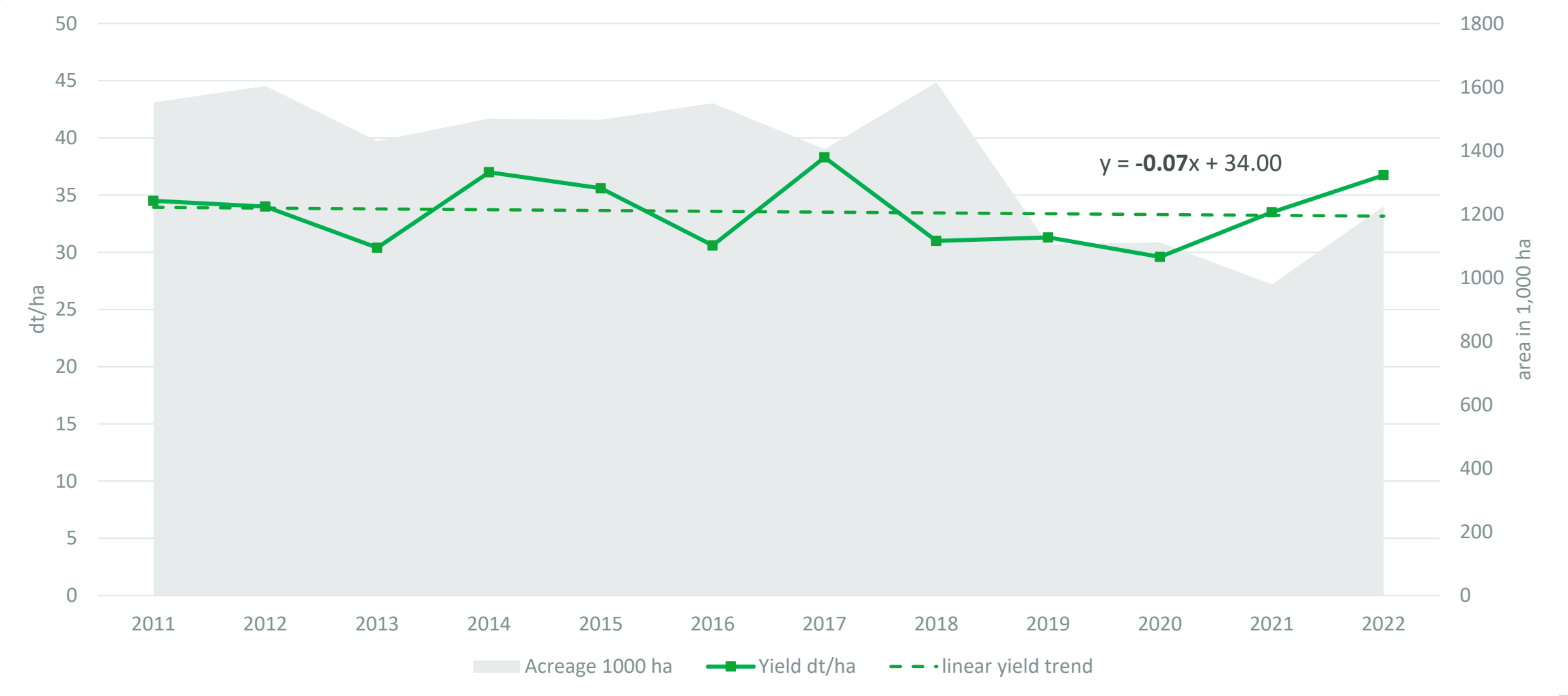
Genetic Gain of new Varieties compared to Check Variety Avatar



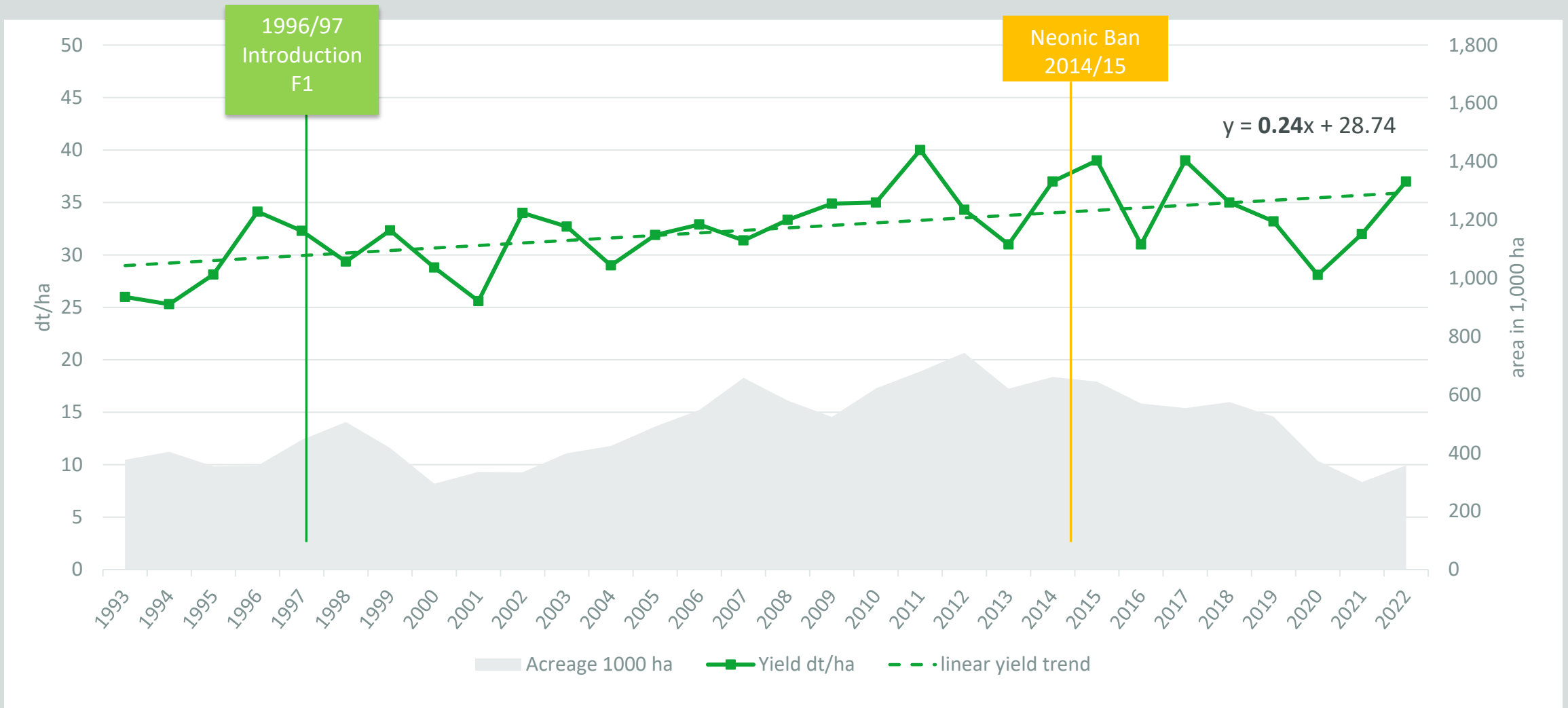
30 Years WOSR in France: 1993-2022



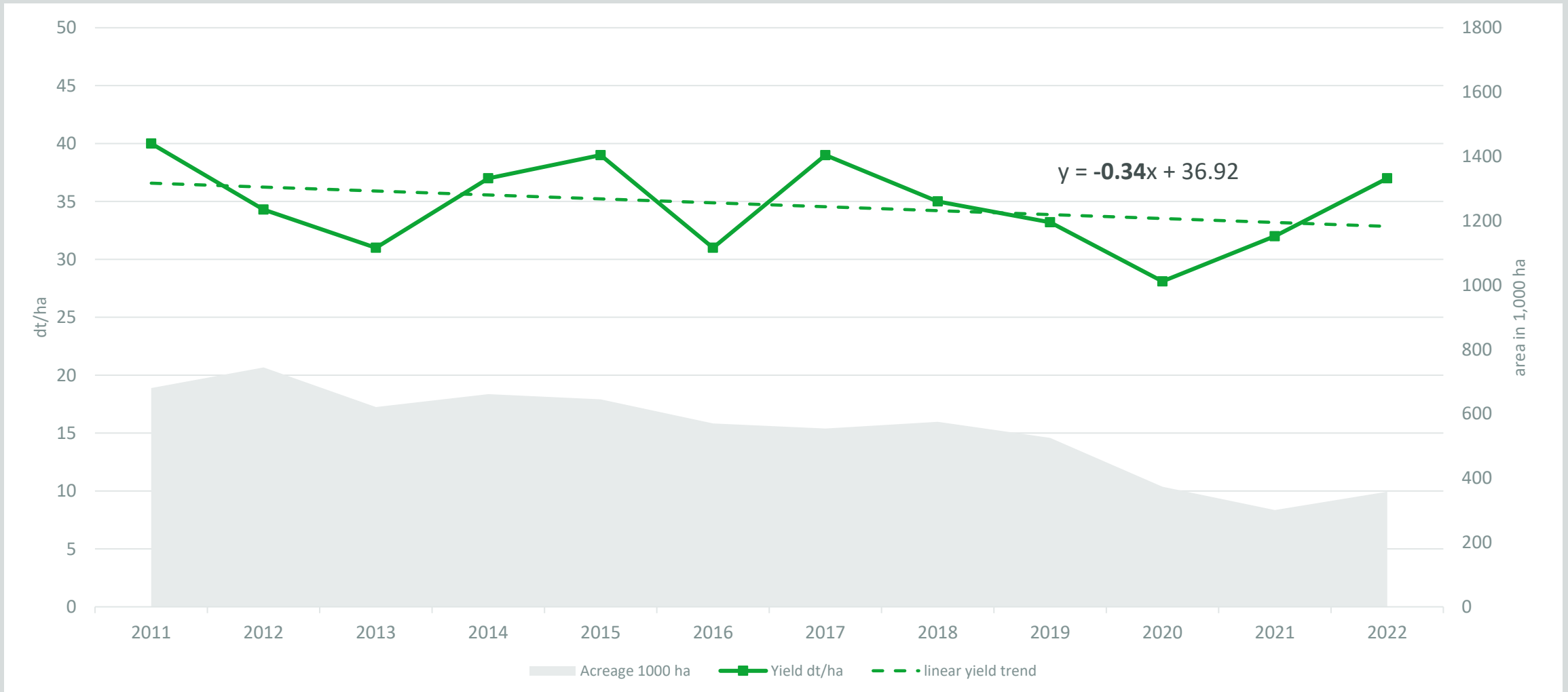
12 Years WOSR in France: 2011-2022



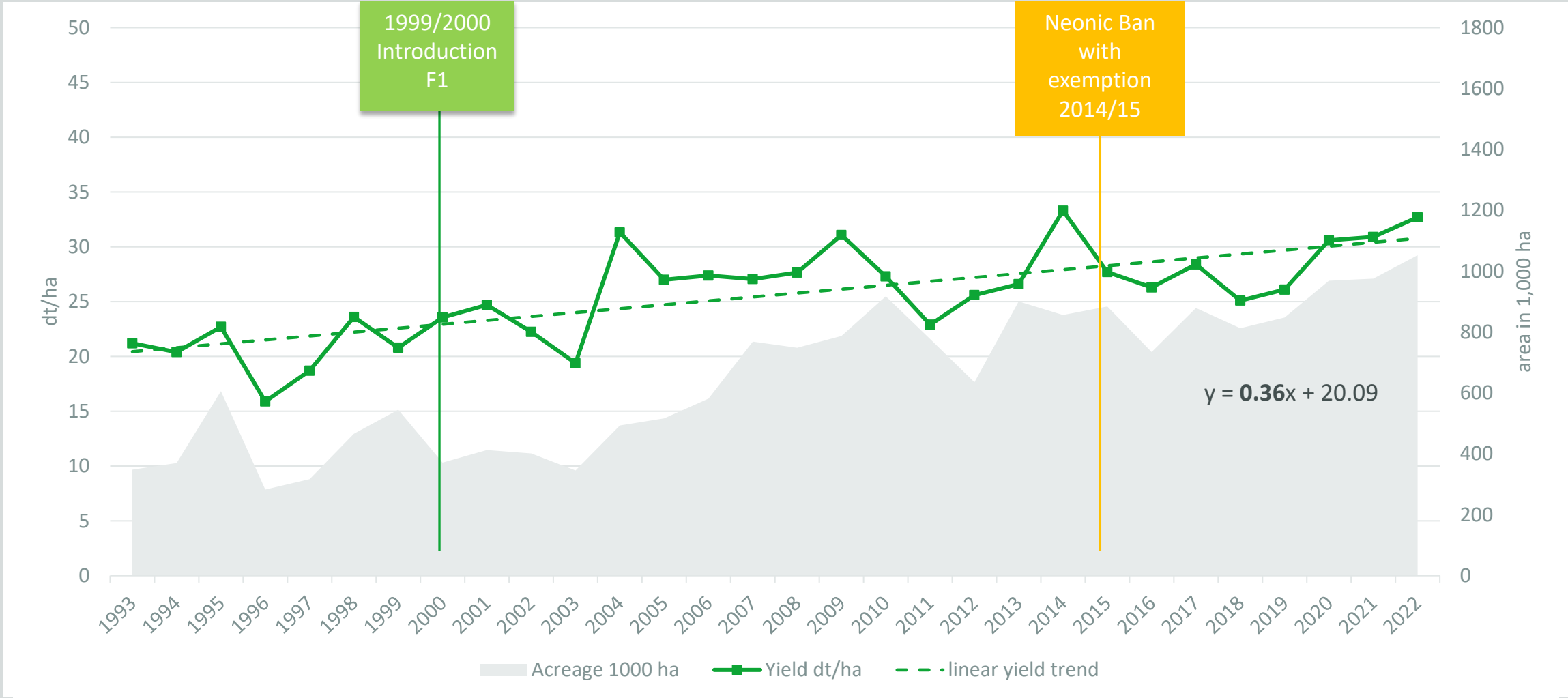
30 Years WOSR in UK: 1993-2022



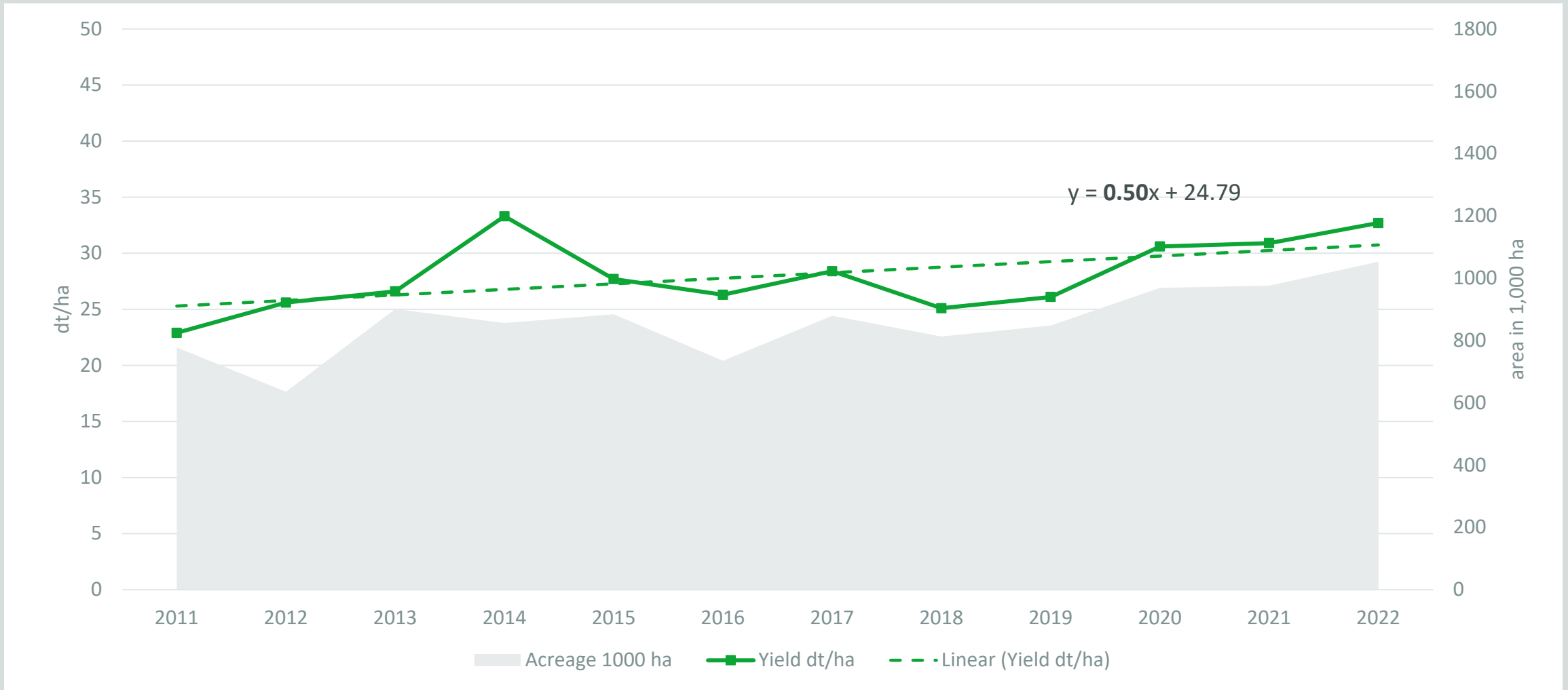
12 Years WOSR in UK 2011-2022



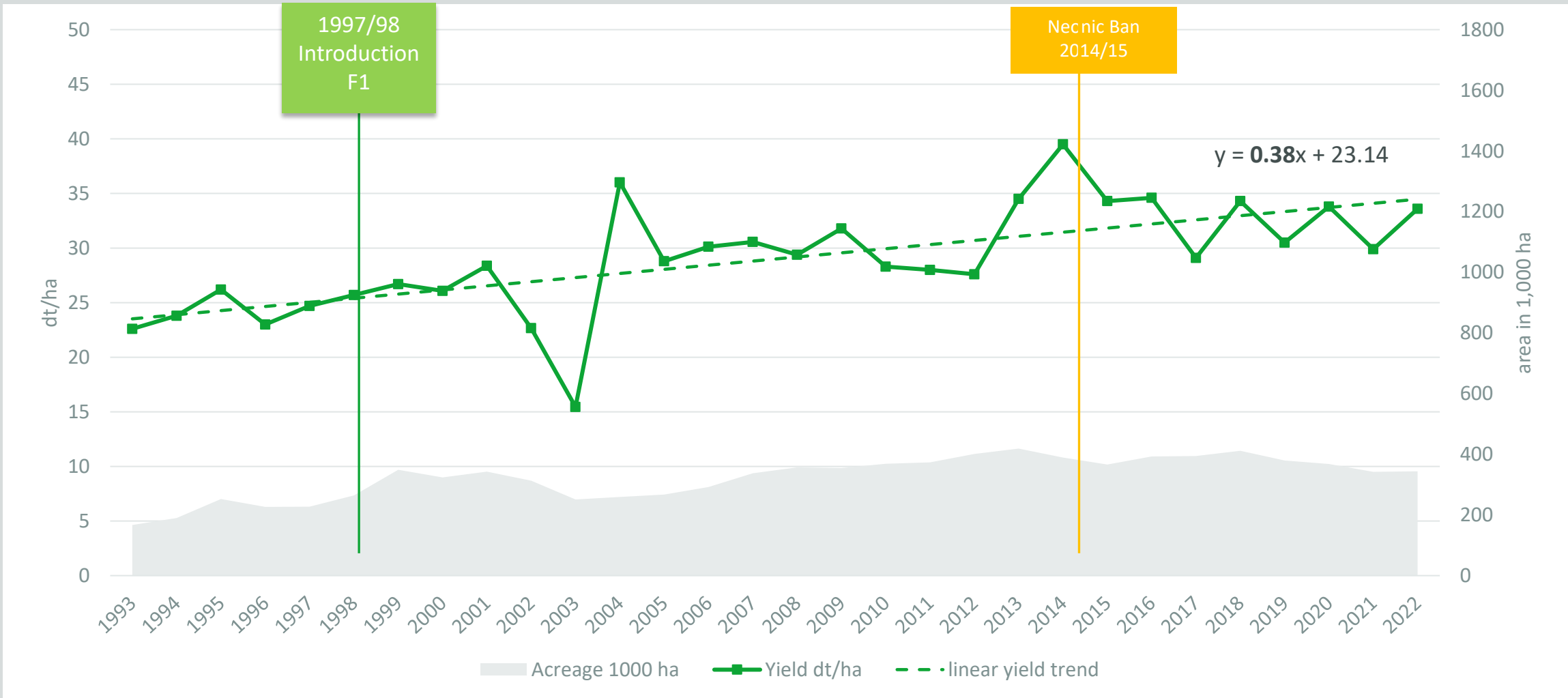
30 Years WOSR in Poland: 1993-2022



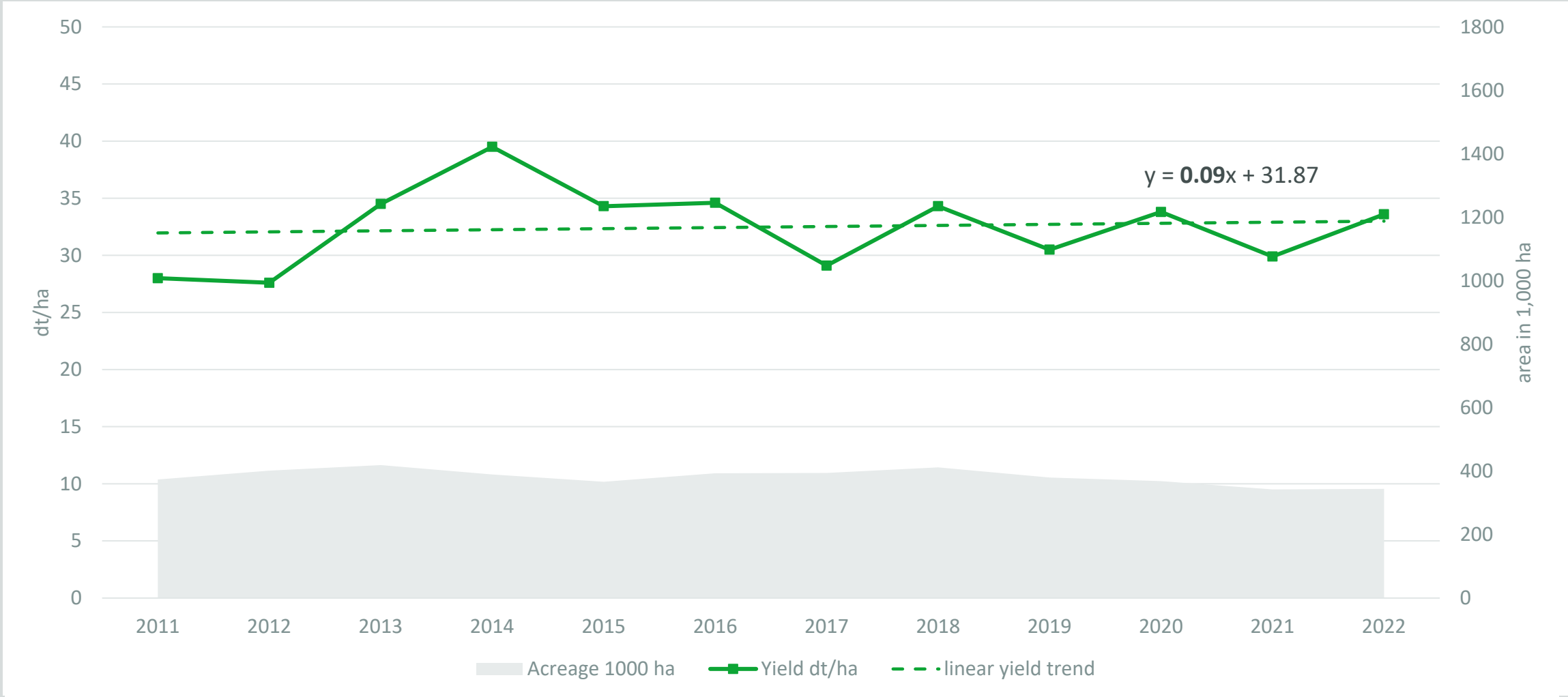
12 Years WOSR in Poland: 2011-2022



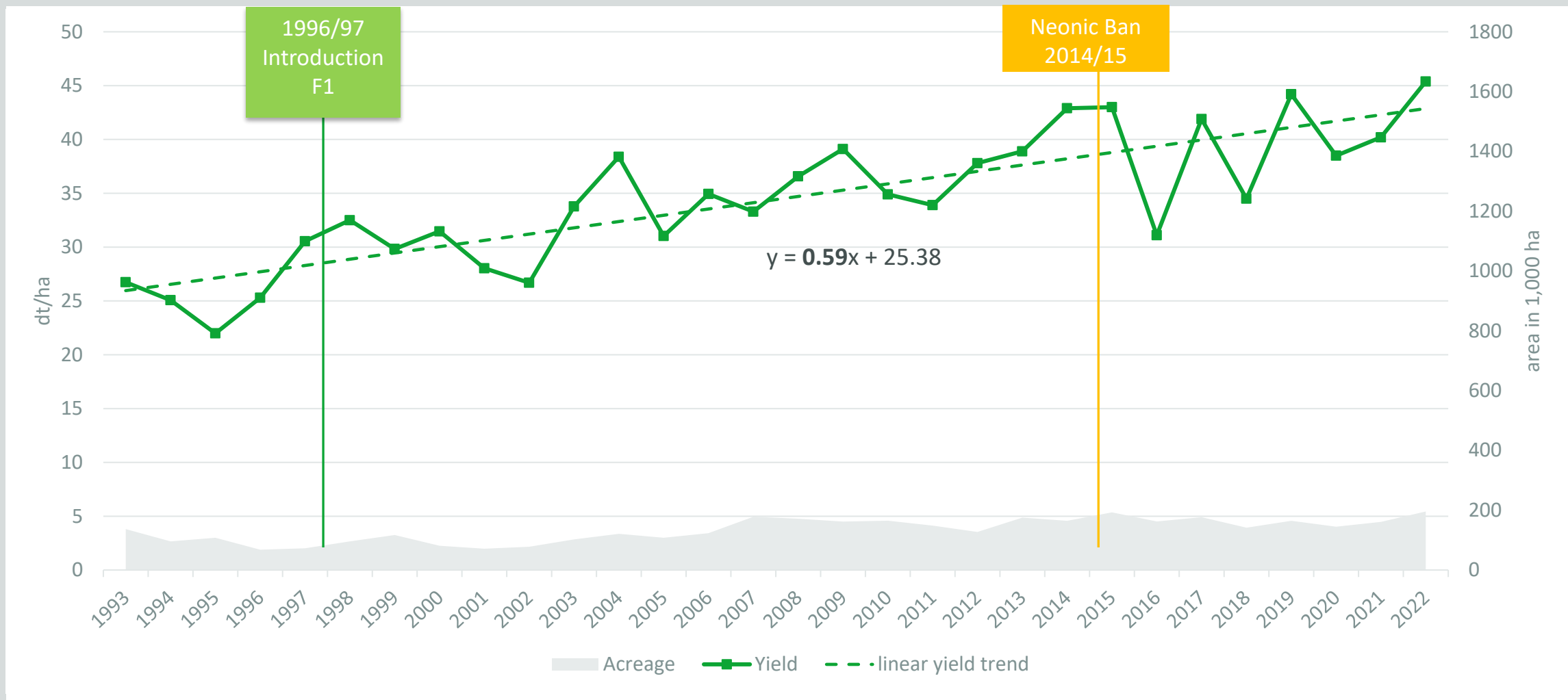
30 Years WOSR in Czech Republic: 1993-2022



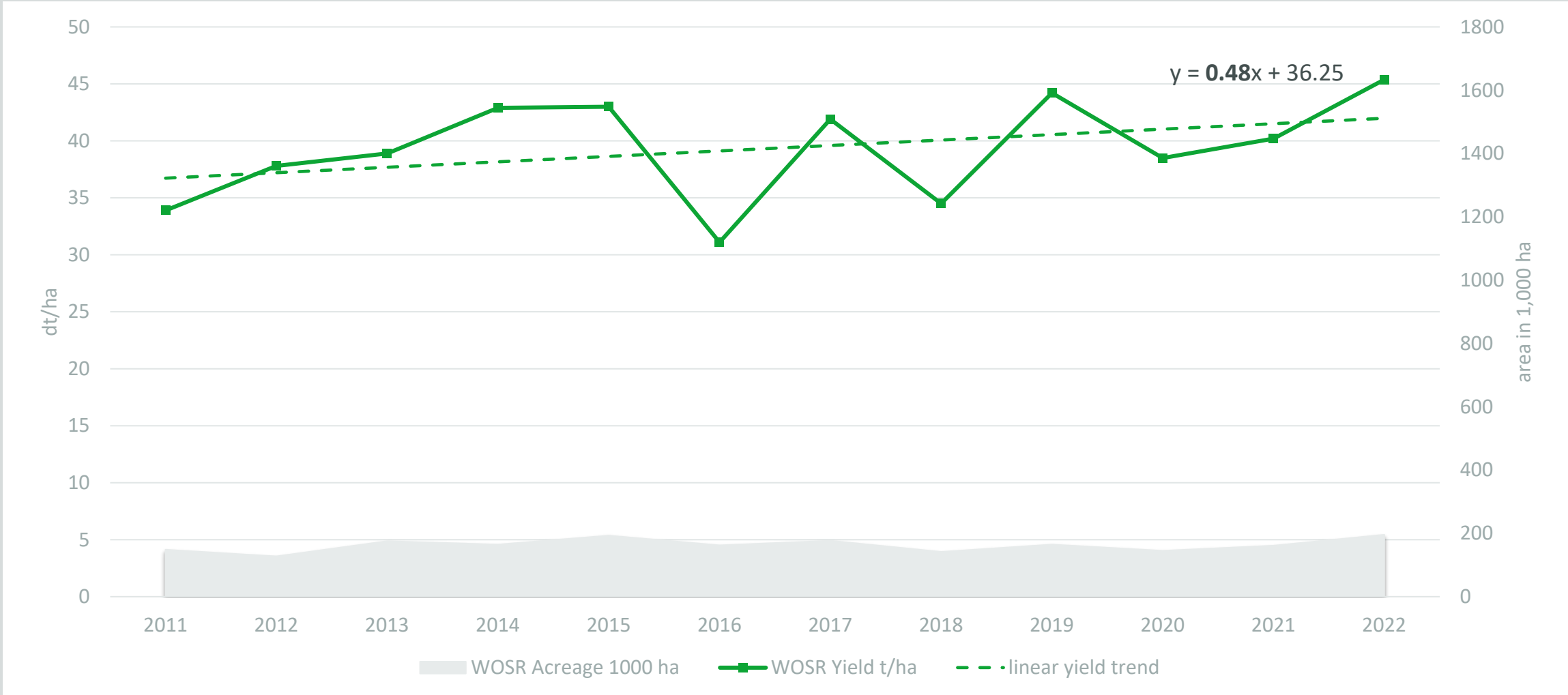
12 Years WOSR in Czech Republic: 2011-2022



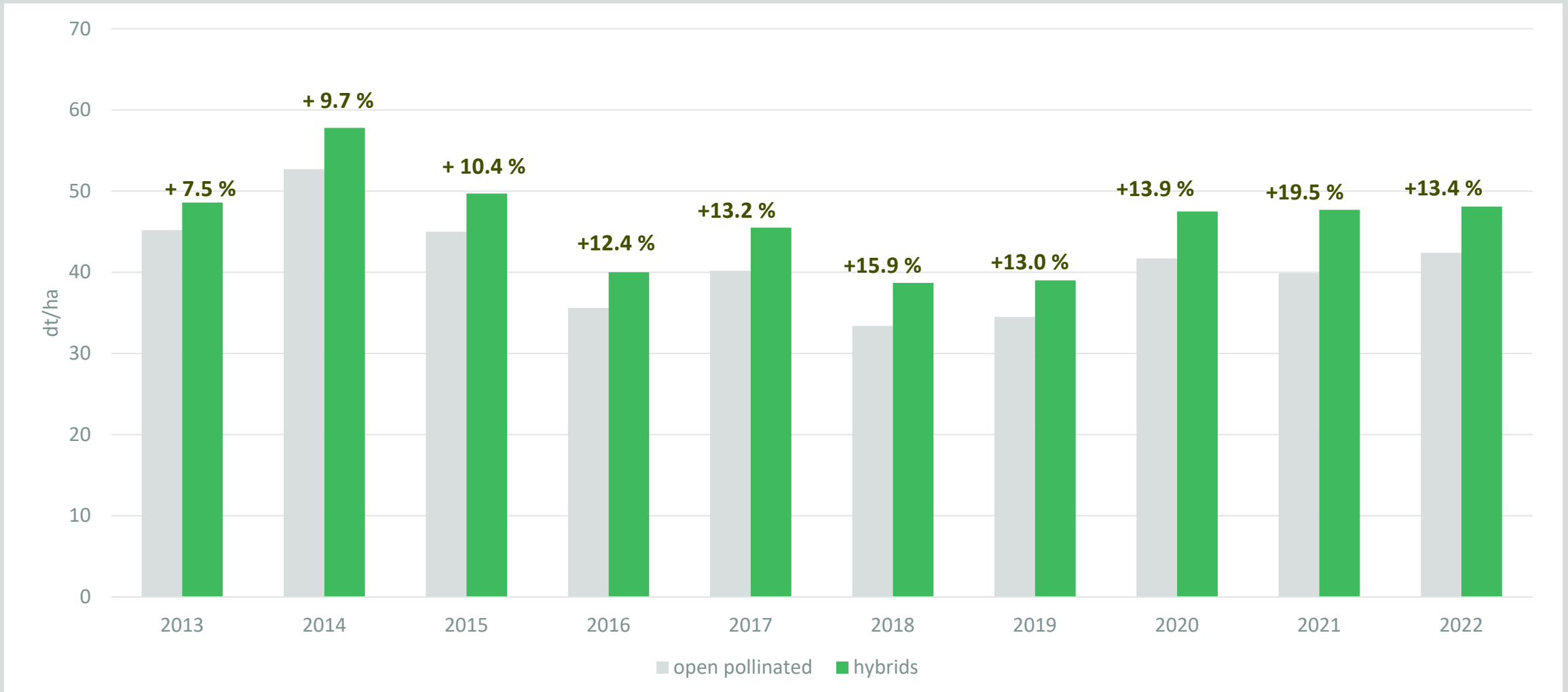
30 Years WOSR in Denmark: 1993-2022



12 Years WOSR in Denmark: 2011-2022



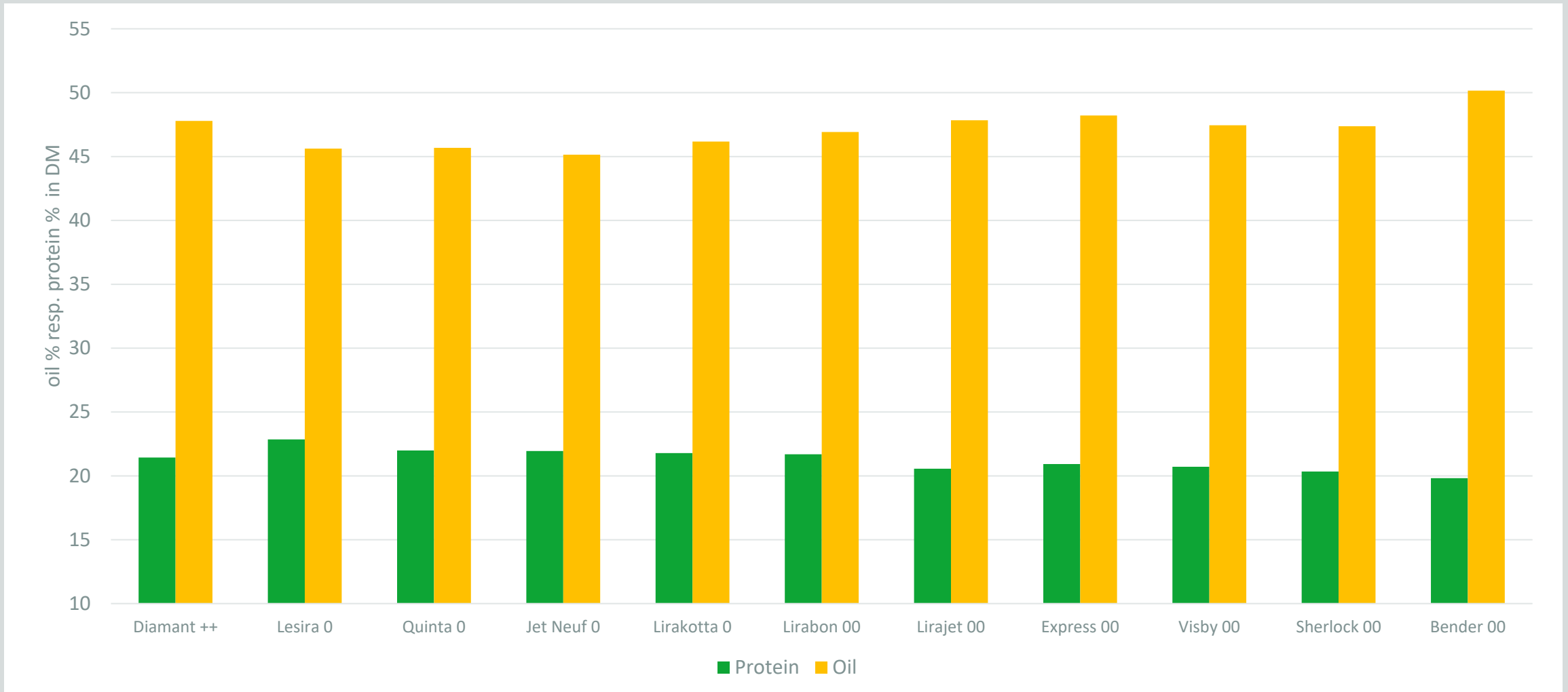
Poland: Seed yield of F1 hybrids vs. OP varieties



UK (EW): Seed yield comparison of F1 hybrids vs. OP varieties

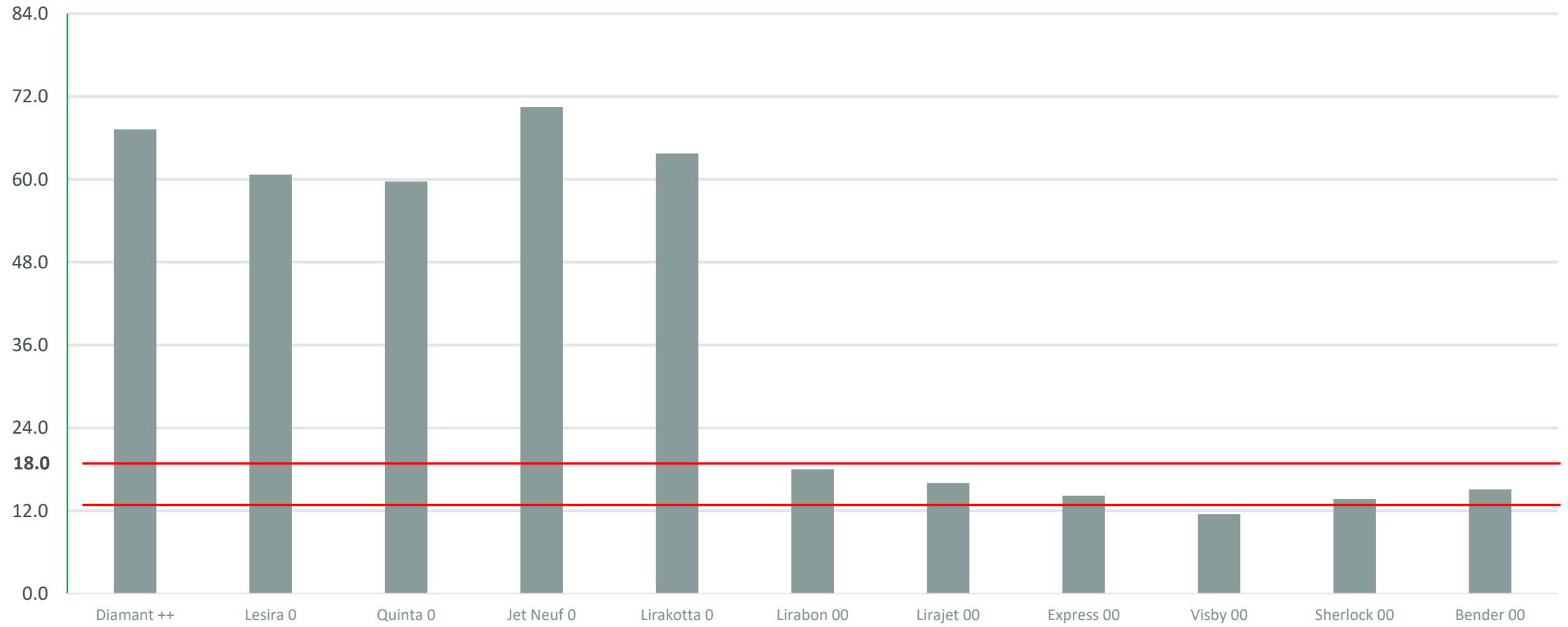


Oil and Protein Content in Old and New Varieties



Glucosinolate Content in Old and New Varieties

Glucosinolate [$\mu\text{mol/g}$]



Phoma resistance scoring in France based on CTPS protocol

- Special blackleg test: scoring of stem cross section



▲ inoculum: stubbles



◀ moistening



▲ inoculation



◀ sampling



▲ scoring

CTPS - FRANCE - PHOMA / G2 Notation

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Average
Nb Trials	4	9	6	9	11	8	4	5	5	5	5	last 3 Years
EUROL	3.60	3.00	4.05	4.49	4.12	4.09	4.20	4.60	5.58	4.82	6.88	5.76
FALCON	3.84	3.20	4.09	4.99	4.65	5.57	4.32	5.32	5.40	5.82	6.15	5.79
JET NEUF		1.60	2.33	1.88	2.19	2.23	1.53	2.23	3.50	3.24	3.90	3.55
DK EXSTORM			1.21	1.18	1.99	1.41	1.18	1.59	2.04	1.98	2.70	2.24
BERLIOZZ	0.94		1.35	1.15	1.62	1.47	1.39	1.58	1.40	1.36	2.30	1.69
MARCOPOLOS				3.70	3.99	4.25	3.87	3.92	4.95	4.41	5.57	4.98
NAPOLI					1.33	1.05	0.98	1.38	1.20	1.11	1.05	1.12
ES MAMBO		1.10					1.05	1.68	1.41	1.15	1.38	1.31
Average All Varieties	2.92	2.31	2.46	2.61	2.75	2.90	2.53	3.18	3.28	2.88	3.47	3.30

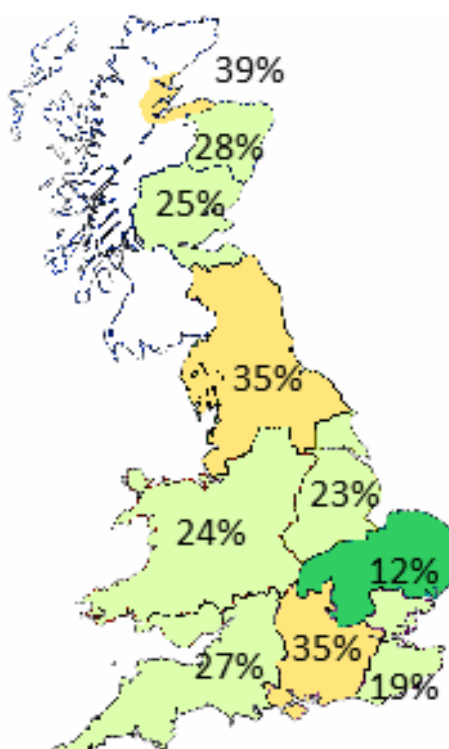
UK: *Cylindrosporium* – Light Leaf Spot (LLS)

- **Pathogen** *Pyrenopeziza brassicae*
Cylindrosporium concentricum

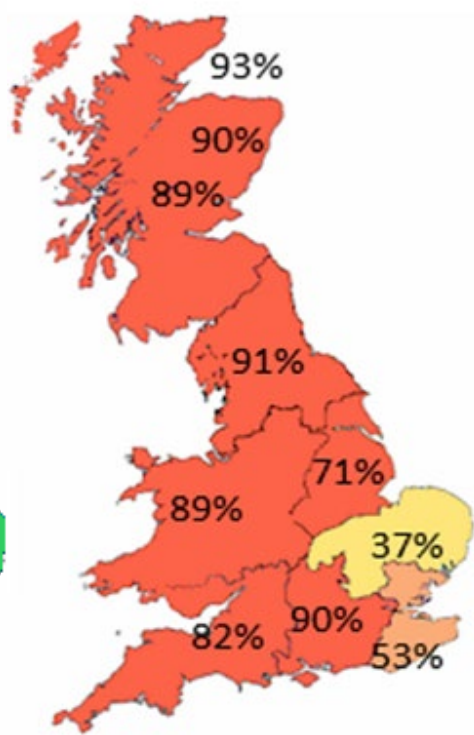


UK: Light Leaf Spot Disease Forecast in different years

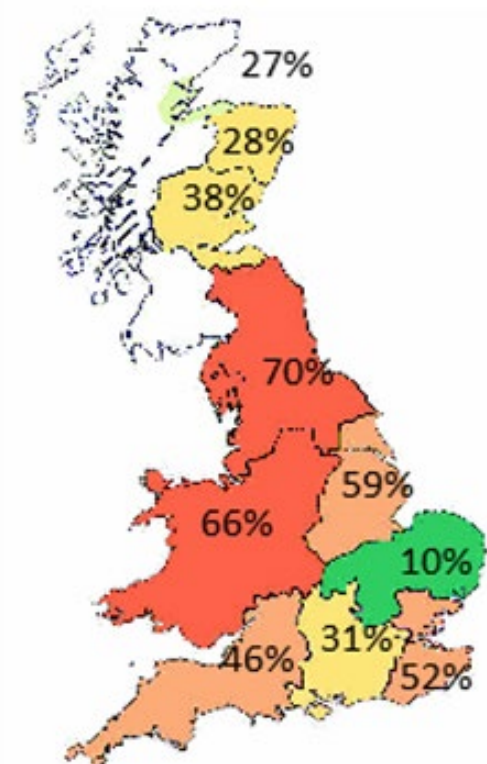
0-14 15-29 30-44 45-59 60+ Regional forecast for the percentage of crops with >25% affected plants.



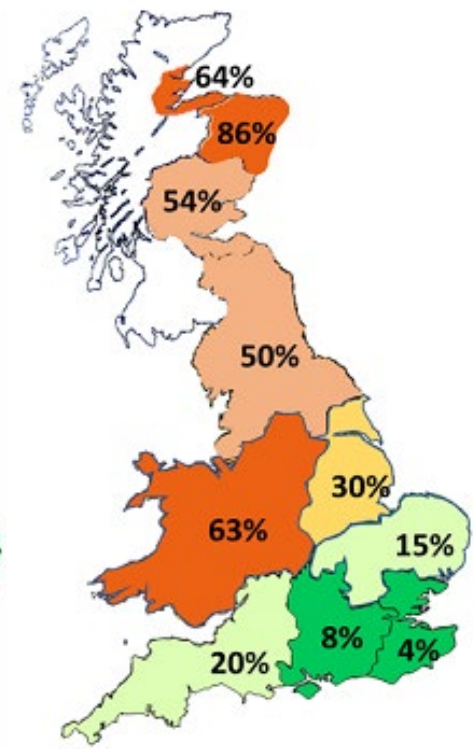
2013/14



2014/15

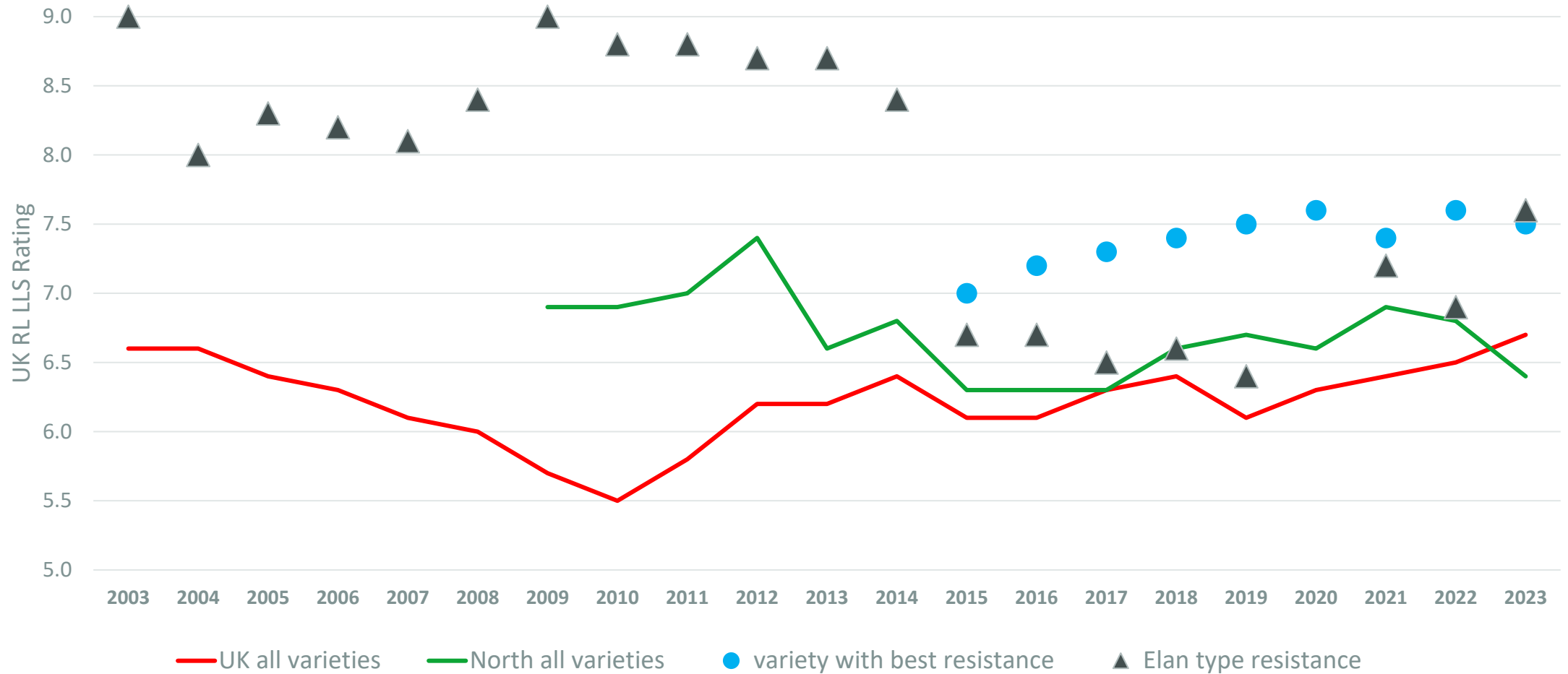


2019/20



2020/21

LLS resistance ratings in recommended list trials



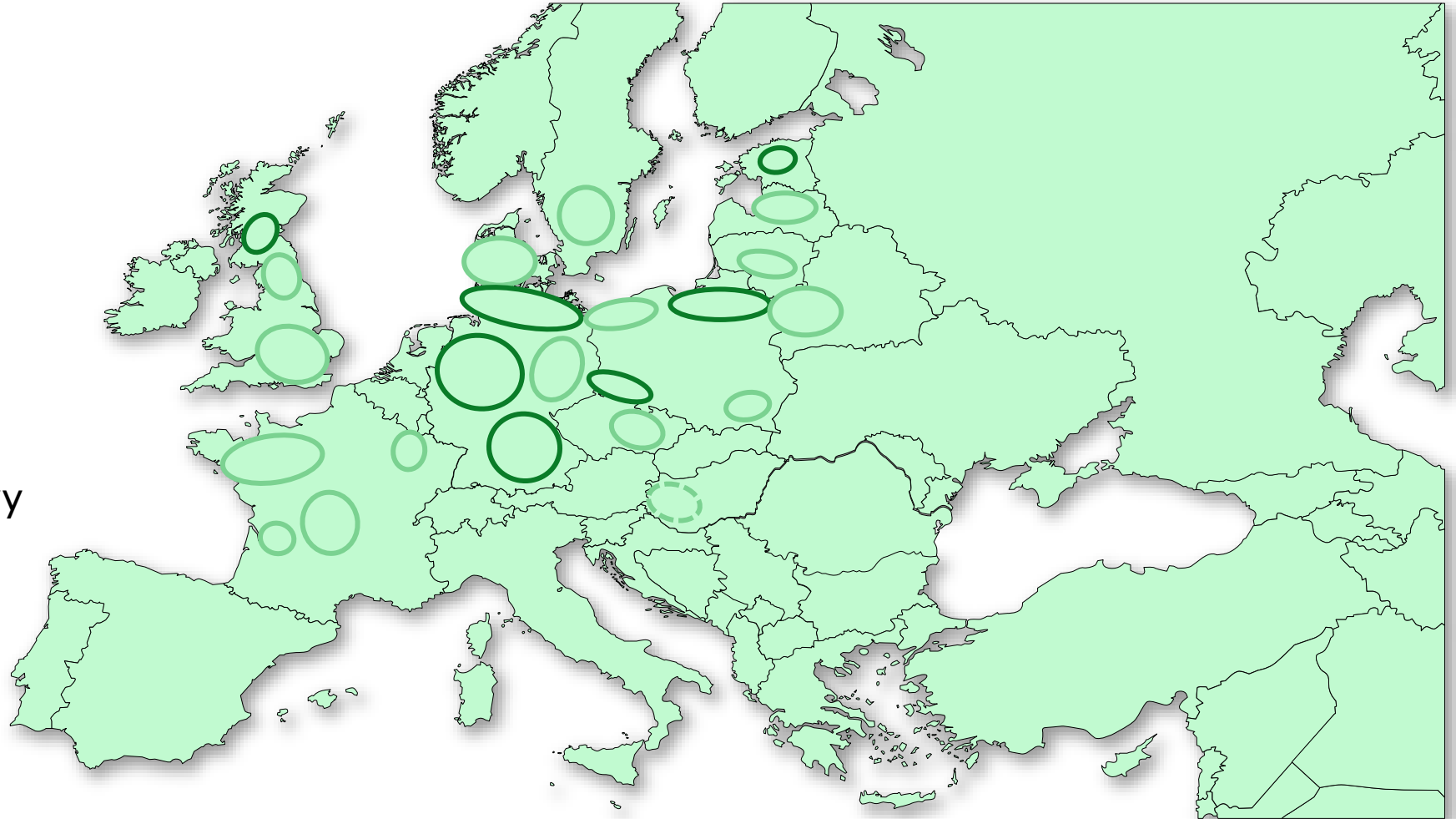
Clubroot (*Plasmodiophora brassicae*)



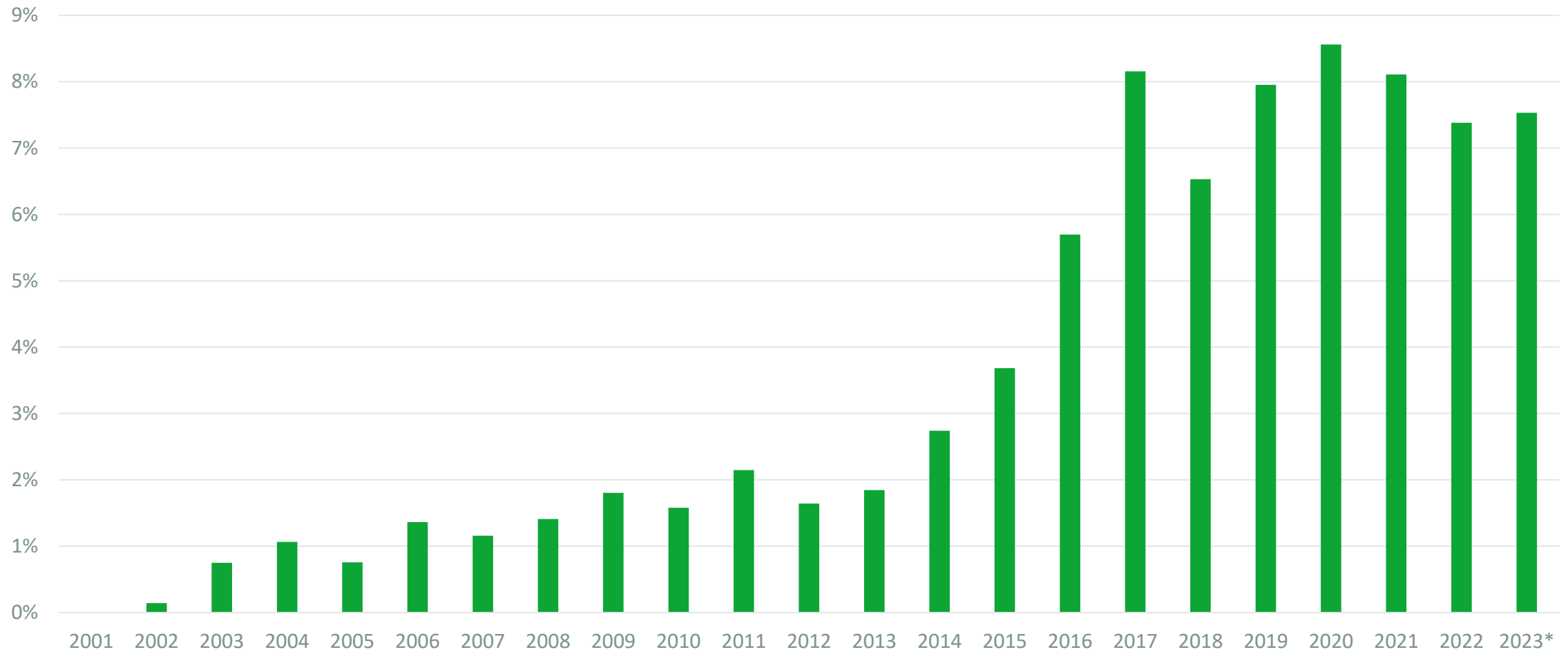
Spreading of Clubroot in Europe

Infestation:

- Light
- Medium to heavy

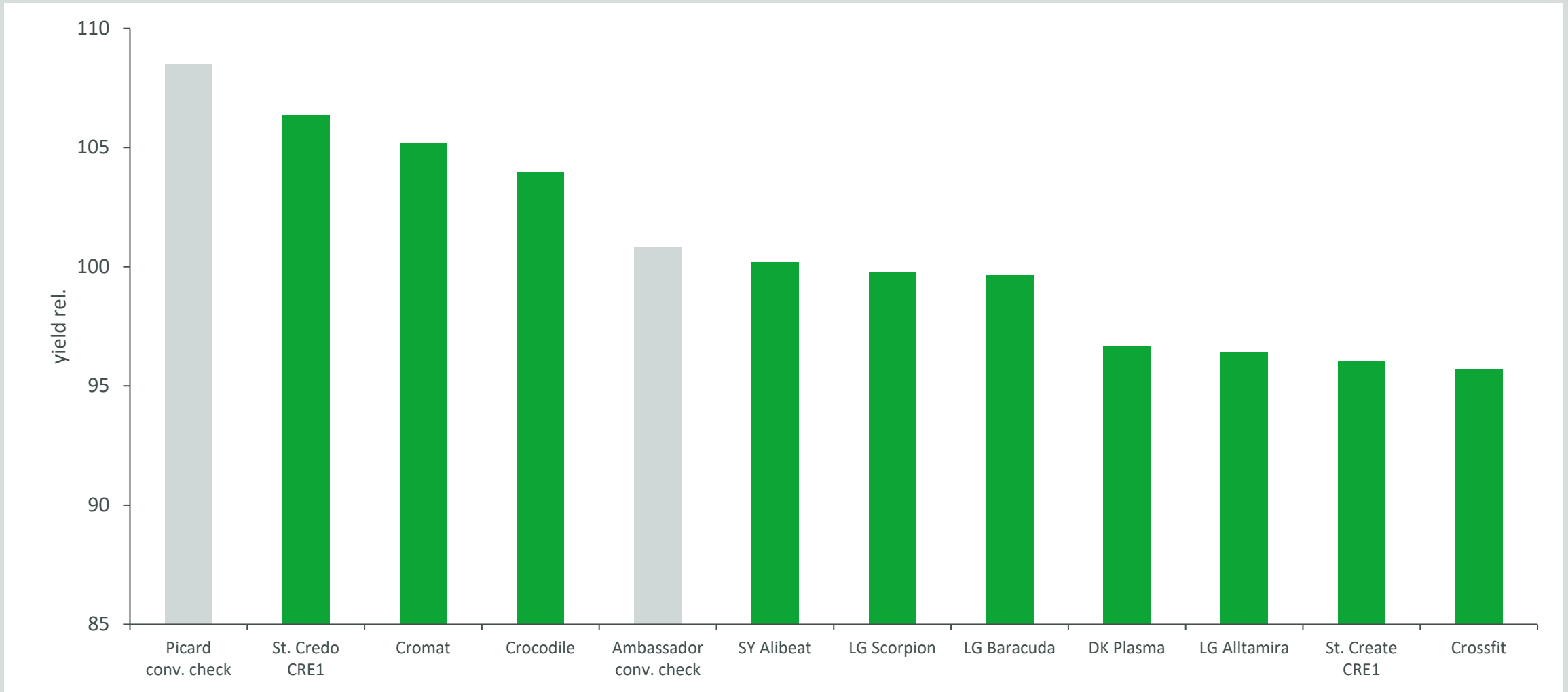


Market shares of Clubroot resistant (CR) varieties in Germany



source: Glameyer/NPZ 2022 after Kleffmann, Destatis and RAPOOL; *2023 estimated

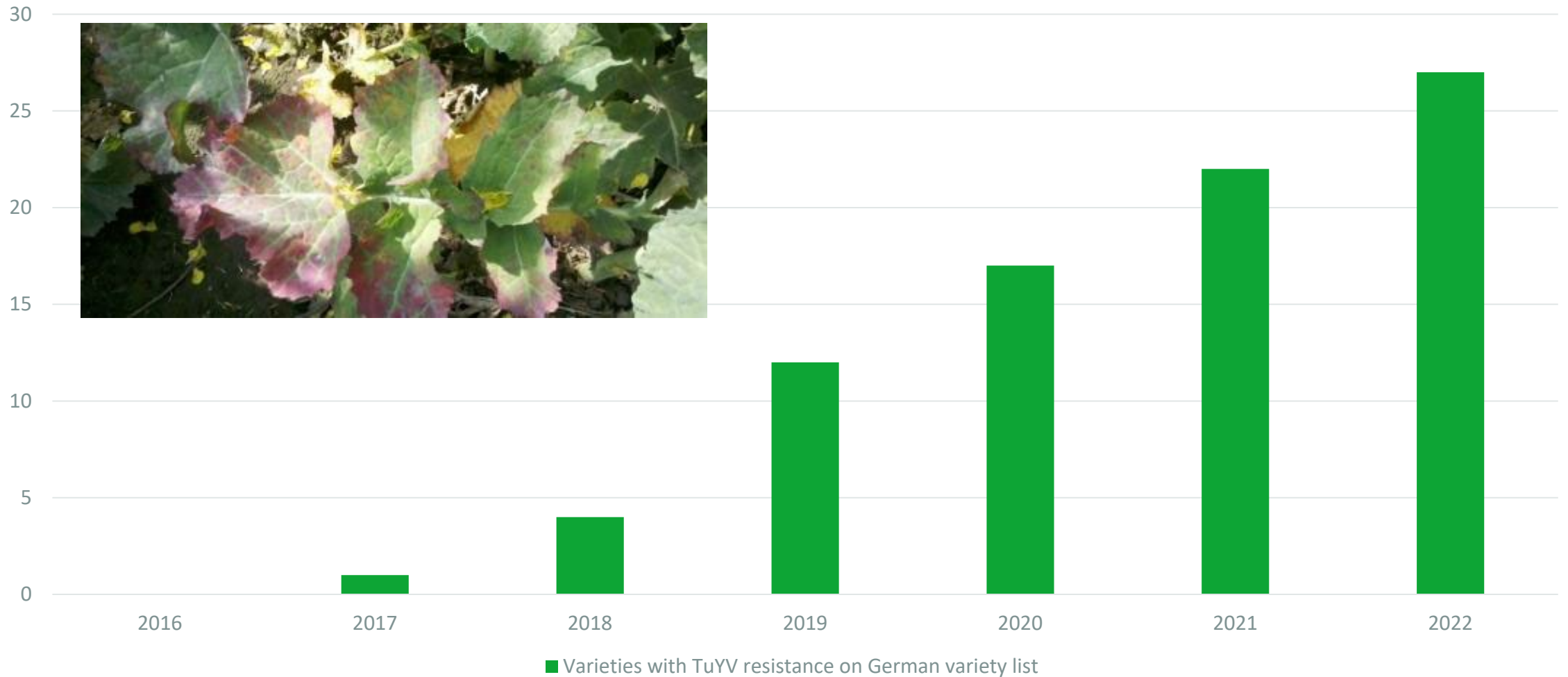
Yield (relative) of CR varieties, results of 6 sites Northern Germany (2023)



TuYV transmitted by Aphids (*Myzus persicae*)



No. of TuYV resistant varieties registered on German variety list



Market shares of TuYV resistant varieties in Europe

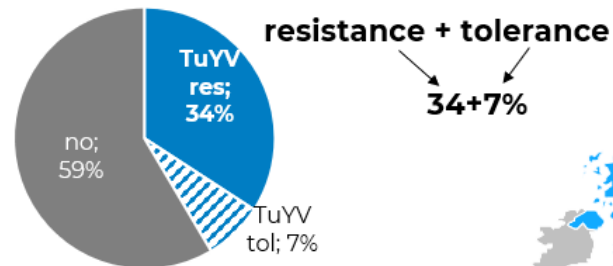
TuYV (resistance & tolerance) by countries | 2022

Certified hybrid market

% cultivated area: Certified hybrid market 2022 = 6 793

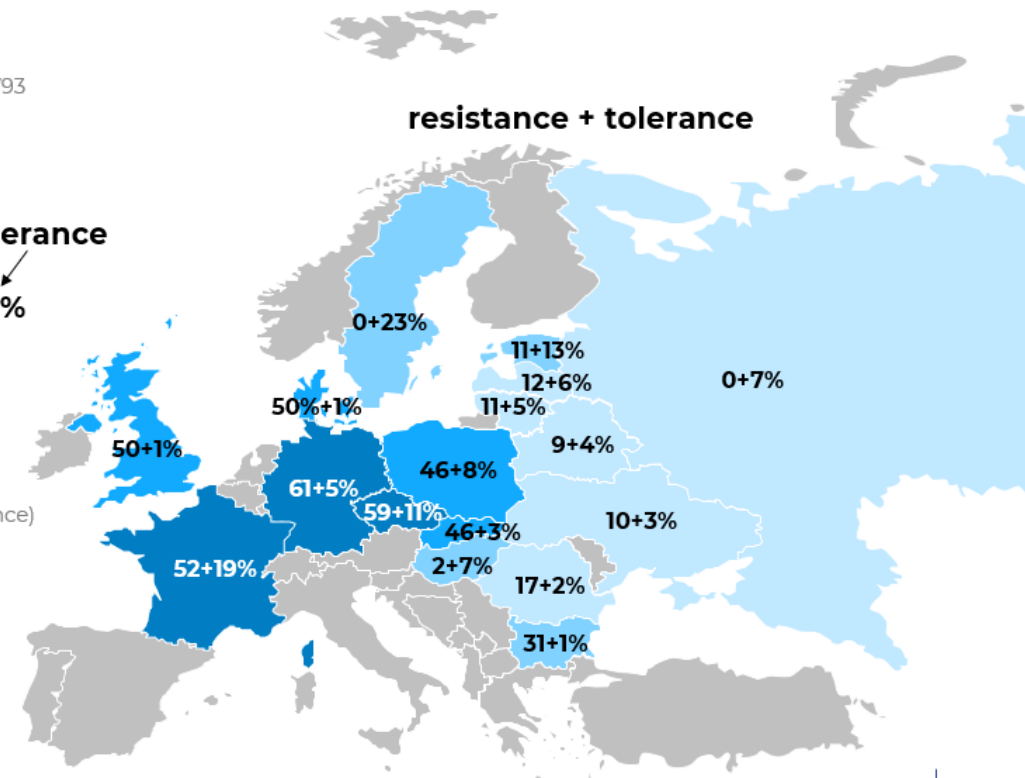
TuYV tolerance + resistance

Total 2022

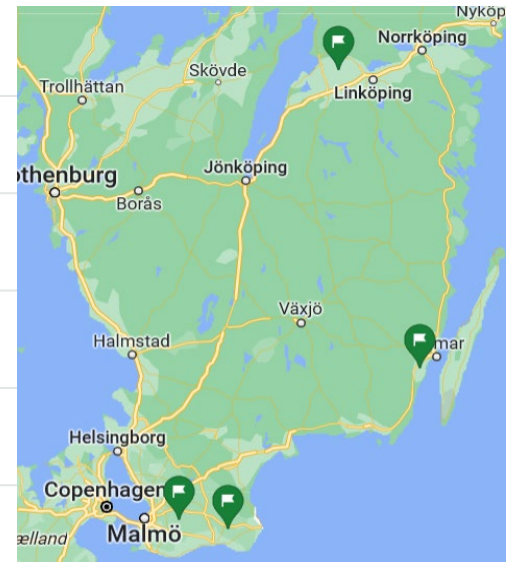
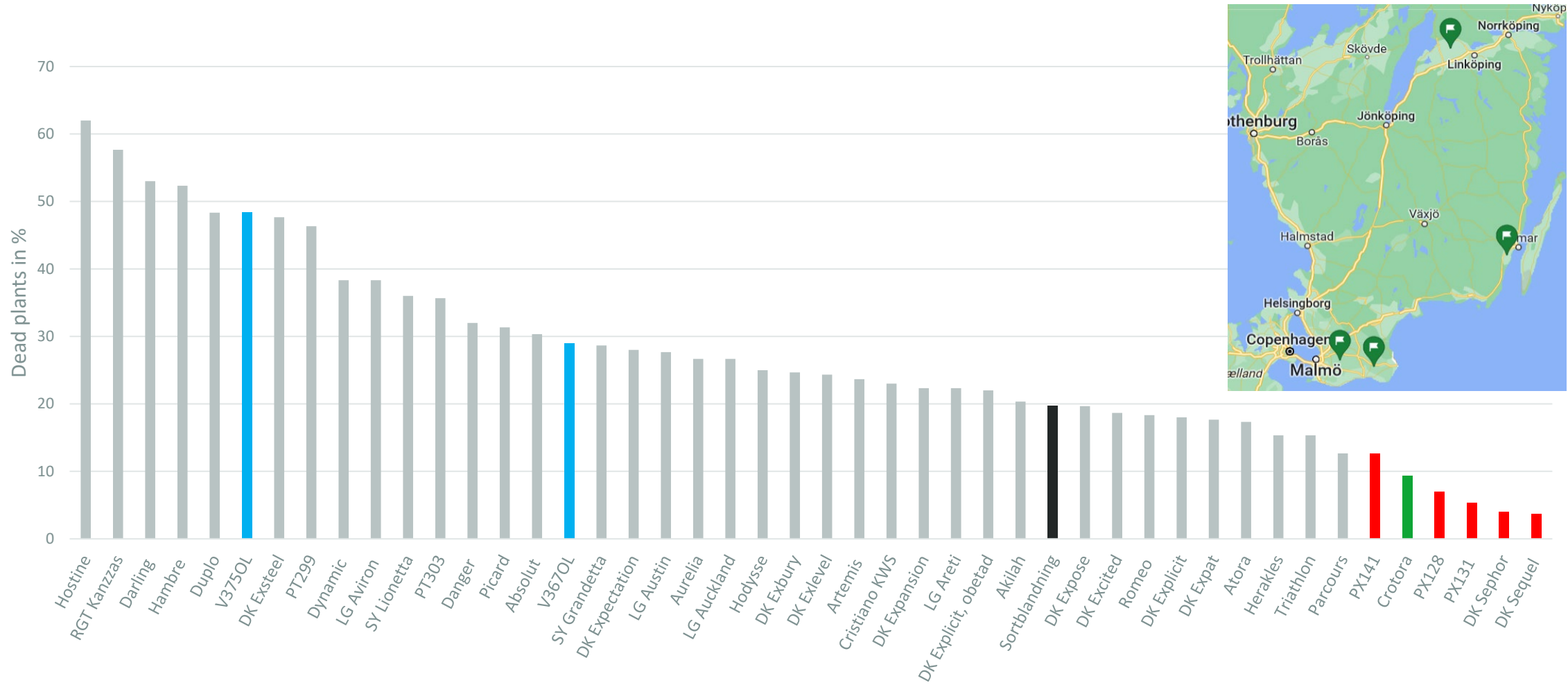


Map color representing % proportion of TuYV (resistance + tolerance)

- >60%
- 40-60%
- 20-40%
- < 20%
- Not resistant
- No data

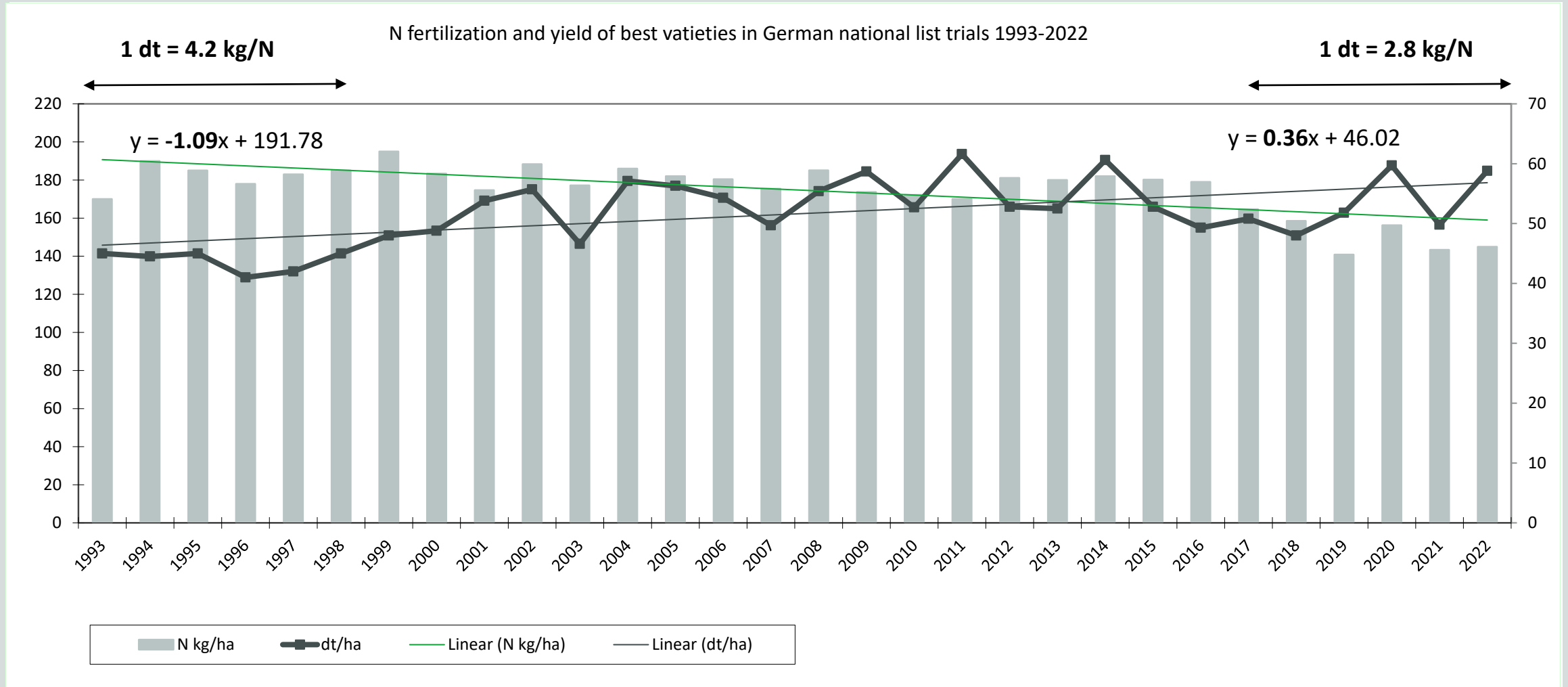


Winter Kill in Swedish WOSR variety trials (2022/23), mean of 4 sites

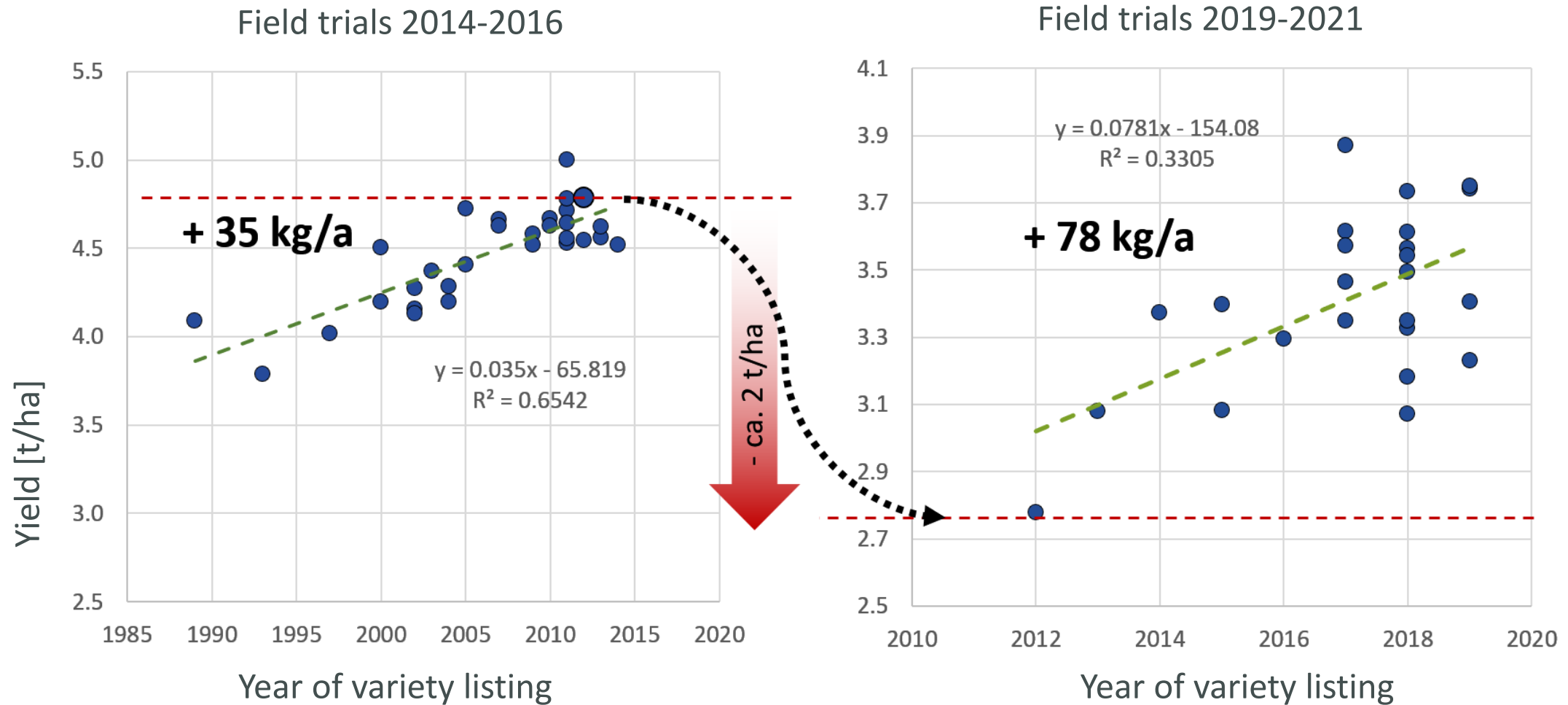


source: <https://nfts.dlbr.dk/Forms>; sites: VASSMOLÖSA, FORNÅSA, TOMELILLA, GENARP

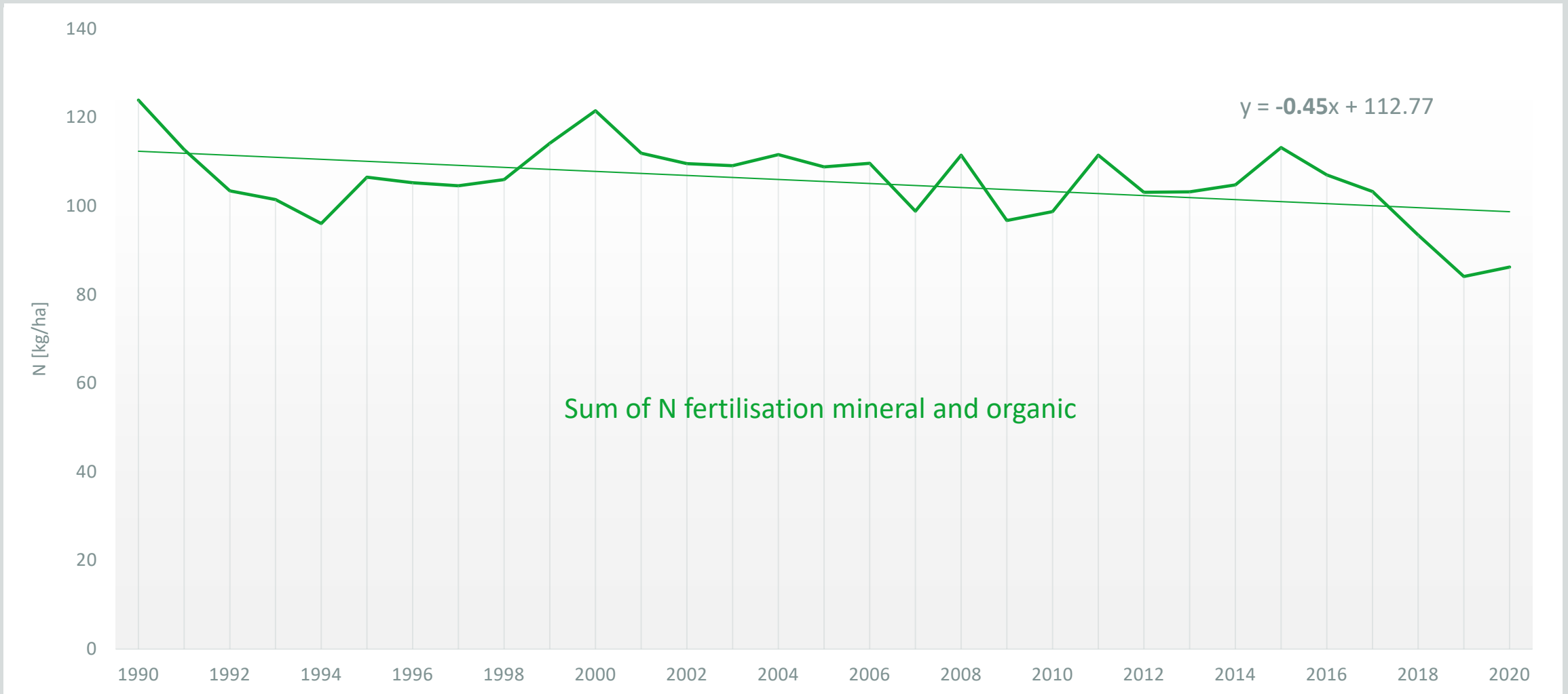
Genetic Gain in Nitrogen Use Efficiency (NUE)



Yield of New Varieties listed since 1989 until 2019 under low N fertilization (120 resp. 125 kg N/ha)



Germany: Nitrogen Use all Crops (1990-2020)



Denmark: Nitrogen Use all crops (1993-2020)

Total supply of mineral fertilizers/content of pure nutrients

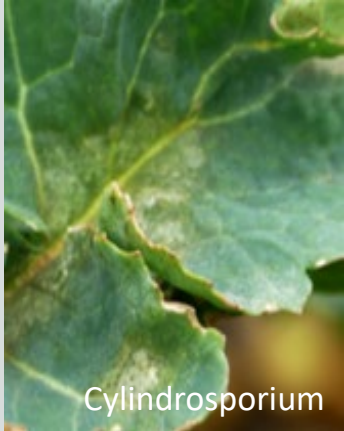
Unit of measurement: Kilo per hectare | Type of substance: Nitrogen (N):



Final conclusion

- significant Yield Improvement since 30 Years
- but since about 12 years it is difficult to Harvest higher Yields on Farm Level
- further positive Yield Trends until today in Environments like Poland, Denmark
- there are a lot Improvements in Oil Content, Resistances, NUE
- Genetic Gain is gone into Low Input and Buffering negative Climate Change Effects

WOSR Breeders still have a lot to do



Thank you for your attention!